

昆山市 2024-2025 学年第一学期六年级英语期中考试模拟试题

笔试部分 (70 分)

一、单项选择。

5. Hurry up! It's _____ turn. ()

- A. you B. your C. yours D. you're

6. My father used the telephone _____ people. ()

- A. calling B. called C. to call D. call

7. The new shoes are for you. Please _____. ()

- A. try it on B. try on it C. try them on D. try on them

8. There _____ any trees on the mountain two years ago. ()

- A. was B. wasn't C. were D. weren't

9. —Where did you go _____ the holiday? ()

—I went _____ fishing.

- A. to; to B. for; / C. on; / D. for; to

10. Please don't _____ here. ()

- A. take photos B. takes photos C. taking photos D. took photos

11. The dragon boat race is _____. ()

- A. excite B. excited C. excites D. exciting

12. Everything _____. ()

- A. go well B. go good C. goes well D. goes good

13. _____ you _____ the zoo last Sunday? ()

- A. Do; visit B. Are; visiting C. Did; visit D. Did; visited

14. My brother often _____ up at six in the morning, but he _____ up at seven this morning. He was late for school. ()

- A. gets; got B. got; gets C. gets; gets D. got; got

二、词汇填空。

15. Don't do that _____ ['fu:lɪʃ] thing, or people will l_____ at you.
16. Bees are busy. They are making _____ ['hʌni] for us.
17. —What was the _____ ['weðə] like yesterday? —It was _____ (sun).
18. —Can you s_____ the word “Tuesday”? —Yes, T-u-e-s-d-a-y, Tuesday.
19. Tom and I _____ (be) at home last weekend.
20. Mary was _____ (excite) about her birthday party.
21. Where _____ you _____ (go) the day before yesterday?
22. There are some white _____ (cloud) in the sky.
23. I'd like to _____ (pick) some mangoes.
24. Look! They _____ (swim) in the pool.
25. Last week, Liu Tao _____ (catch) a big fish, and he _____ (eat) it.

三、句型转换。

26. Helen read a story book this afternoon. (改为否定句)

27. Miss Fox got angry in class. (改为一般疑问句)

28. My mother often buys things on the Internet. (用 yesterday 改写句子)

29. Please show me your photos. (改为同义句)

30. Our fashion show was wonderful. (划线部分提问)

四、根据中文提示完成句子。

31. 三年前，我的表弟不会走路，但是现在他会跑。

Three years ago, my cousin _____, but now he _____.

32. 小男孩指着国王并嘲笑了他。

The little boy _____ the king and _____ him.

33. 一发生什么事啦，鲍比？ 一我的风筝飞走了。

— _____, Bobby? —My kite _____.

34. 我喜欢看电视，但我必须先完成作业。

I like _____, but I have to _____ first.

35. 昨天下午下起了大雨，我们不得不回家了。

There was _____ yesterday afternoon, and we _____ go home.

36. 让我们学习英语，和来自全世界的人们交朋友吧。

Let's learn English and _____ with people from _____.

五、完形填空

Ted worked in a factory in a big town. He liked 37 very much, and was 38 at it. When he 39 free, he always went down to the small river behind the factory and tried to 40 some fish. But there were very few(少的) there, because the river 41 not clean. One autumn, he went to the seaside(海边) 42 his holidays and 43 in a small cheap(便宜的) hotel(旅馆). 44 the first day he caught a lot of fish and was very 45 . He 46 them to the hotel, and they cooked his fish for all the people. They liked eating the fish very much. After that, he did it every day.

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| 37. A. fishing | B. fishes | C. fish |
| 38. A. well | B. good | C. fine |
| 39. A. was | B. is | C. be |
| 40. A. catches | B. catching | C. catch |
| 41. A. were | B. was | C. are |
| 42. A. with | B. for | C. about |
| 43. A. looked | B. stayed | C. found |
| 44. A. On | B. In | C. At |
| 45. A. ill | B. thirsty | C. happy |
| 46. A. takes | B. took | C. taking |

六、阅读理解，判断正（T）误（F）。

An old tiger lived in the forest. He didn't look for food himself. One day, He was very hungry. He said to the monkey, "Go and look for food for me!" "Sorry, I can't. There is a tiger over there too. I'm afraid of him!" "What?" the old tiger was angry. "Show me that tiger!" "Come with me, please," said the monkey. They came to the river. "Look, he's in the river! He says he's the king in the forest!" The tiger was very angry, "I'll eat him up!" With these words, the tiger jumped into the river.

47. The old tiger looked for food himself. ()
48. The monkey looked for food for the tiger. ()
49. There was only one tiger in this story. ()
50. The old tiger jumped into the river. ()
51. The monkey was very clever. ()

Last holiday, I took a big trip with my aunt. We went to Australia by plane. It was in August. We left Beijing on August 3rd. It was winter in Australia. But in Beijing, it was summer. I liked there, because I liked playing with snow. I went ice-skating there and took many pictures. I bought many presents for my friends too. I was excited, but I was very tired too. I relaxed and then went back to school.

52. Who did I go on a trip with? ()
- A. My parents B. My aunt. C. My teacher
53. How did I go there? ()
- A. By subway. B. By plane. C. By ship.
54. Which season was it when I went to Australia? ()
- A. It was autumn B. It was winter C. It was spring.
55. What did I do in Australia? ()
- A. I went ice-skating and bought presents.
- B. I played football and ate nice food.
- C. I played with snow and made some friends.
56. How did I feel in the end? ()
- A. I was angry. B. I was bored. C. I was excited, but also tired.

七、书面表达。

同学们，上周 11 月 8 日星期天这一天，你们全班去了吴江公园，请根据提示写一篇日记吧。（从天气、活动和感受等方面入手写哦）！

要求：(1) 不少于 8 句话，40 个词左右；(2) 语句通顺，书写规范。

Sunday, 8th November

参考答案

笔试部分 (70 分)

单项选择。

5. Hurry up! It's _____ turn. ()

- A. you B. your C. yours D. you're

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：赶快！轮到你了。本题考查形容词性物主代词，A(你)人称代词主格或宾格，B(你的)形容词性物主代词，C(你的)名词性物主代词，D 你是，turn 是名词前面需要形容词性物主代词，故选 B。

6. My father used the telephone _____ people. ()

- A. calling B. called C. to call D. call

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：我的父亲使用电话给人打电话。本题考查动词的形式。call 打电话，A 动词的现在分词或动名词，B 动词过去式，C 动词不定式，D 动词原形。此处是动词不定式表示目的，use sth to do sth 用某物来做某事，故选 C。

7. The new shoes are for you. Please _____. ()

- A. try it on B. try on it C. try them on D. try on them

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：这双新鞋是给你的。请试一试。本题考查动词短语和人称代词。shoes 是名词复数，用 them 指代，try on 试穿，代词放中间，故选 C。

8. There _____ any trees on the mountain two years ago. ()

- A. was B. wasn't C. were D. weren't

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：两年前山上没有一些树。本题考查 there were+其他和陈述句的否定形式，two years ago 是一般过去时的标志词，any 用于否定句或疑问句中，排除 AC；横线后 trees 可数名词复数形式，be 动词用 were，否定形式是 weren't。故选 D。

9. —Where did you go _____ the holiday? ()

—I went _____ fishing.

- A. to; to B. for; / C. on; / D. for; to

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：一假期你去哪？一我去钓鱼。本题考查介词辨析和动词短语。A 向；向。B(安排或预定)在……时；不填。C 在……上；不填。D(安排或预定)在……时；向。go fishing 去钓鱼，排除 A 和 D。题干是想问在假期期间去哪，for 符合句意，故选 B。

10. Please don't _____ here. ()

- A. take photos B. takes photos C. taking photos D. took photos

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：请不要在这照相。本题考查动词的形式，A 动词原形，B 动词第三人称单数，C 动词现在分词或动名词形式，D 动词过去式，这是个祈使句的否定形式，don't+动词原形+其他，故选 A。

11. The dragon boat race is _____. ()

- A. excite B. excited C. excites D. exciting

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：龙舟比赛是_____。本题考查形容词的用法和形容词辨析。A 使激动，动词原形；B 激动的，形容词；C 使激动，动词的第三人称单数；D 令人激动的，形容词。is 后接形容词作表语，故排除 AC 选项；excited 指人、物对……感到兴奋，exciting 指人、事、物本身令人兴奋、激动。根据句意可知此处指龙舟比赛令人激动，排除 B。故选 D。

12. Everything _____. ()

- A. go well B. go good C. goes well D. goes good

【答案】C

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】句意：万事如意。go 是动词，后加副词；good 是形容词，well 是副词，所以排除 AC。Everything 是不定代词，在这里看作单数，所以动词用第三人称单数形式，故选 C。

【点睛】

13. _____ you _____ the zoo last Sunday? ()

- A. Do; visit B. Are; visiting C. Did; visit D. Did; visited

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：上周日你参观动物园了吗？本题考查助动词引导的一般疑问句，时态辨析和动词的形式。参观 visit 是实义动词，需要借助助动词 do 进行提问，上周日 last Sunday 是一般过去时的标志词，所以 do 用过去式 did，did 后跟动词原形 visit。故选 C。

14. My brother often _____ up at six in the morning, but he _____ up at seven this morning. He was late for school. ()

- A. gets; got B. got; gets C. gets; gets D. got; got

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：我哥哥/弟弟经常早上六点起床，但他今天早上七点起得。他上学迟到了。本题考查时态辨析和动词的形式。根据句意可知第一句是一般现在时，主语 My brother 是第三人称单数，后面的动词用第三人称单数形式 gets；第二句是一般过去时，谓语动词用过去式 got。故选 A。

词汇填空。

15. Don't do that _____ ['fu:lɪʃ] thing, or people will l _____ at you.

【答案】 ①. foolish ②. laugh##augh

【解析】

【详解】句意：不要做那傻事，否则人们会嘲笑你的。本题考查形容词辨析，动词短语和动词的形式。根据音标可知单词为 foolish 愚蠢的；根据句意及首字母，可知短语为 laugh at 嘲笑，will 后跟动词原形。故答案为 foolish, laugh。

16. Bees are busy. They are making _____ ['hʌni] for us.

【答案】honey

【解析】

【详解】句意：蜜蜂很忙。它们正在为我们酿造蜂蜜。本题考查名词辨析，根据所给音标可知单词为 honey 蜂蜜，不可数名词，故答案为 honey。

17. —What was the _____ ['weðə] like yesterday? —It was _____ (sun).

【答案】 ①. weather ②. sunny

【解析】

【详解】句意：一昨天的天气怎么样？一它是晴天的。本题考查不可数名词和形容词的用法。根据音标可知，第一个空考查单词 weather，不可数名词，天气。sun 是名词，太阳，be 动词 was 后面跟形容词做表语，晴朗的 sunny。故答案为 weather; sunny。

18. —Can you s_____ the word “Tuesday”? —Yes, T-u-e-s-d-a-y, Tuesday.

【答案】spell##pell

【解析】

【详解】句意：一你能_____单词 “Tuesday” 吗？一能，T-u-e-s-d-a-y, Tuesday。本题考查动词原形。根据句意及首字母提示，可知考查动词 spell 拼写，can 后接动词原形，故答案为 spell。

19. Tom and I _____ (be) at home last weekend.

【答案】were

【解析】

【详解】句意：上周末汤姆和我在家。本题考查 be 动词和动词的形式。主语是 Tom and I, be 用 are; 上周末 last weekend 是一般过去时的标志词，be 用过去式，are 的过去式是 were，故答案为 were。

20. Mary was _____ (excite) about her birthday party.

【答案】excited

【解析】

【详解】句意：玛丽对她的生日聚会感到很兴奋。本题考查固定搭配，be excited about 对……感到兴奋，故答案为 excited。

21. Where _____ you _____ (go) the day before yesterday?

【答案】①. did ②. go

【解析】

【详解】句意：前天你去哪里了？本题考查助动词和动词的形式。根据 the day before yesterday 可知句子是一般过去时，go 是实义动词，需要加助动词 did，后面跟动词原形。故答案为 did; go。

22. There are some white _____ (cloud) in the sky.

【答案】clouds

【解析】

【详解】句意：天空中有一些白云。本题考查可数名词及其单复数。根据题干中 are 可知名词要用复数，cloud 的复数形式是 clouds，故答案为 clouds。

23. I'd like to _____ (pick) some mangoes.

【答案】pick

【解析】

【详解】句意：我想摘些芒果。本题考查动词的形式。would like to do sth 想做某事，to 加动词原形构成动词不定式，故答案为 pick。

24. Look! They _____ (swim) in the pool.

【答案】are swimming

【解析】

【详解】句意：看！他们正在泳池里游泳。根据句意可知本题考查现在进行时，现在进行时的结构为：be+动词的现在分词，主语 They 是第三人称复数，be 用 are，swim 的现在分词是 swimming，故答案为 are swimming。

25. Last week, Liu Tao _____ (catch) a big fish, and he _____ (eat) it.

【答案】①. caught ②. ate

【解析】

【详解】句意：上周，刘涛抓到了一条大鱼，他吃了它。本题考查动词的形式。last week 上周，是一般过去时的标志词，两句都是一般过去时，catch 用过去式 caught，eat 用过去式 ate，故答案为 caught, ate。

句型转换。

26. Helen read a story book this afternoon. (改为否定句)

【答案】Helen didn't read a story book this afternoon.

【详解】句意：海伦今天下午读了一本故事书。本题考查句型转换。句子时态为一般过去时，改为否定句，在谓语动词前加 didn't, read 变为动词原形 read, 故答案为 Helen didn't read a story book this afternoon.

27. Miss Fox got angry in class. (改为一般疑问句)

【答案】Did Miss Fox get angry in class?

【详解】原句句意：狐狸小姐在课堂上生气了。本题考查句型转换。原句中实义动词 got 是动词的过去式，变为一般疑问句，要借助助动词 did, 后接动词原形 get, 故答案为 Did Miss Fox get angry in class?

28. My mother often buys things on the Internet. (用 yesterday 改写句子)

【答案】My mother bought things on the Internet yesterday.

【详解】原句句意：我妈妈经常在网上买东西。本题考查句型转换。题干要求用 yesterday 改写句子，句子变一般过去时，谓语动词用过去式，buys 变过去式 bought, 故答案为 My mother bought things on the Internet yesterday.

29. Please show me your photos. (改为同义句)

【答案】Please show your photos to me.

【详解】原句句意：请给我看看你的照片。本题考查句型转换。show sb sth 可替换为 show sth to sb, 故答案为 Please show your photos to me.

30. Our fashion show was wonderful. (划线部分提问)

【答案】How was your fashion show?

【详解】句意：我们的时装表演秀很精彩。本题考查句型转化，对划线部分提问用疑问词 how, be 动词 was 放在疑问词后面，our 变为 your。其他的不变，故答案为 How was your fashion show?
根据中文提示完成句子。

31. 三年前，我的表弟不会走路，但是现在他会跑。

Three years ago, my cousin _____, but now he _____.

【答案】①. couldn't walk ②. can run

【解析】

【详解】本题考查句子翻译。根据汉语意思，可知该句是陈述句，时态是一般过去时态和一般现在时态。由 three years ago 可知，时态是一般过去式时态，不会用 couldn't, 后面是动词原形，走路用动词 walk。now 是现在，会用 can, 后面是动词原形，跑用动词 run。故答案为 couldn't walk; can run.

32. 小男孩指着国王并嘲笑了他。

The little boy _____ the king and _____ him.

【答案】①. pointed at ②. laughed at

【详解】本题考查句子结构。根据汉语意思，可知句子是陈述句，时态是一般现在时，指着 point at, 嘲笑 laugh at, point 的过去式是 pointed, laugh 的过去式是 laughed, 故答案为 pointed at, laughed at.

33. 一发生什么事啦，鲍比？ 一我的风筝飞走了。

— _____, Bobby? — My kite _____.

【答案】①. What happened ②. flew away

【详解】本题考查句子翻译。根据汉语意思，可知句子是特殊疑问句的问答句，时态是一般过去时。发生什么事啦 what happened, 飞走 fly away, fly 的过去式是 flew, 故答案为 What happened, flew away.

34. 我喜欢看电视，但我必须先完成作业。

I like _____, but I have to _____ first.

【答案】 ①. watching TV ②. finish my homework

【解析】

【详解】 本题考查句子翻译。根据汉语意思，可知句子是并列句，时态是一般现在时。看电视 watch TV, like doing sth 喜欢做某事；完成作业 finish my homework, have to+动词原形。故答案为 watching TV, finish my homework。

35. 昨天下午下起了大雨，我们不得不回家了。

There was _____ yesterday afternoon, and we _____ go home.

【答案】 ①. heavy rain ②. had to

【解析】

【详解】 本题考查句子翻译。根据汉语可知，句子是陈述句，时态是一般过去时。大雨 heavy rain, 不得不 have to, have 过去式为 had。故答案为 heavy rain; had to。

36. 让我们学习英语，和来自全世界的人们交朋友吧。

Let's learn English and _____ with people from _____.

【答案】 ①. make friends ②. all over the world

【解析】

【详解】 本题考查句子翻译。根据汉语意思，可知句子是祈使句，交朋友 make friends, and 连接的动词形式要一致，learn 是动词原形，make 也用圆形，全世界 all over the world。故答案为 make friends, all over the world。

完形填空

Ted worked in a factory in a big town. He liked _____ 37 _____ very much, and was _____ 38 _____ at it. When he _____ 39 _____ free, he always went down to the small river behind the factory and tried to _____ 40 _____ some fish. But there were very few(少的) there, because the river _____ 41 _____ not clean. One autumn, he went to the seaside(海边) _____ 42 _____ his holidays and _____ 43 _____ in a small cheap (便宜的) hotel (旅馆). _____ 44 _____ the first day he caught a lot of fish and was very _____ 45 _____. He _____ 46 _____ them to the hotel, and they cooked his fish for all the people. They liked eating the fish very much. After that, he did it every day.

37. A. fishing

B. fishes

C. fish

38. A. well

B. good

C. fine

39. A. was

B. is

C. be

40. A. catches

B. catching

C. catch

41. A. were

B. was

C. are

42. A. with

B. for

C. about

43. A. looked

B. stayed

C. found

44. A. On

B. In

C. At

45. A. ill

B. thirsty

C. happy

46. A. takes

B. took

C. taking

【答案】 37. A 38. B 39. A 40. C 41. B 42. B 43. B 44. A 45. C 46. B

阅读理解，判断正(T)误(F)。

An old tiger lived in the forest. He didn't look for food himself. One day, He was very hungry. He said to the monkey, "Go and look for food for me!" "Sorry, I can't. There is a tiger over there too. I'm afraid of him!" "What?" the old tiger was angry. "Show me that tiger!" "Come with me, please," said the monkey. They came to the river. "Look, he's in the river! He says he's the king in the forest!" The tiger was very angry, "I'll eat him up!"

With these words, the tiger jumped into the river.

47. The old tiger looked for food himself. ()
48. The monkey looked for food for the tiger. ()
49. There was only one tiger in this story. ()
50. The old tiger jumped into the river. ()
51. The monkey was very clever. ()

【答案】 47. F 48. F
49. T 50. T
51. T

【解析】

【47 题详解】

由句子 He didn't look for food himself.可知老虎自己不找食物，所以题干叙述错误，故答案为 F。

【48 题详解】

由句子 Sorry, I can't.可知猴子没有给老虎找食物，所以题干叙述说猴子给老虎找食物是错误的，故答案为 F。

【49 题详解】

由短文可知只有一只老虎，另外一只骗他的根本就没有。所以题干叙述正确，故答案为 T。

【50 题详解】

由句子 The tiger jumped into the river.可知老虎跳进了河里，所以题干叙正确，故答案为 T。

【51 题详解】

由短文可知猴子是很聪明的，骗老虎跳进河里，自己就可以脱身了，所以题干叙述正确，故答案为 T。

Last holiday, I took a big trip with my aunt. We went to Australia by plane. It was in August. We left Beijing on August 3rd. It was winter in Australia. But in Beijing, it was summer. I liked there, because I liked playing with snow. I went ice-skating there and took many pictures. I bought many presents for my friends too. I was excited, but I was very tired too. I relaxed and then went back to school.

52. Who did I go on a trip with? ()
A. My parents B. My aunt. C. My teacher
53. How did I go there? ()
A. By subway. B. By plane. C. By ship.
54. Which season was it when I went to Australia? ()
A. It was autumn B. It was winter C. It was spring.
55. What did I do in Australia? ()
A. I went ice-skating and bought presents.
B. I played football and ate nice food.
C. I played with snow and made some friends.
56. How did I feel in the end? ()
A. I was angry. B. I was bored. C. I was excited, but also tired.

【答案】 52. B 53. B 54. B 55. A 56. C

【解析】

【导语】 本文主要介绍了作者去年假期和姑姑(阿姨，婶婶，舅母)去澳大利亚的旅行活动及感受。

【52 题详解】

句意：我和谁去旅行？A 我的父母，B 我的姑姑(阿姨，婶婶，舅母)，C 我的老师。根据文中“Last holiday, I took a big trip with my aunt.”可知去年假期，我和我的姑姑(阿姨，婶婶，舅母)去旅行，故选 B。

【53 题详解】

句意：我怎么到那里？A 乘地铁，B 乘飞机，C 乘船。根据文中“ We went to Australia by plane.”可知我

们乘飞机去澳大利亚，故选 B。

【54 题详解】

句意：我到澳大利亚时是哪个季节？A 它是秋季，B 它是冬季，C 它是春季。根据文中 “It was winter in Australia.” 可知在澳大利亚时冬季，故选 B。

【55 题详解】

句意：我在澳大利亚做了什么？A 我去滑冰并且买礼物。B 我踢足球并且吃美味的食物。C 我玩雪并且交了一些朋友。根据文中 “I went ice-skating there and took many pictures. I bought many presents for my friends too.” 可知我在那里滑冰并且拍了许多照片，我也给我的朋友买了许多礼物。故选 A。

【56 题详解】

句意：最后我感觉怎么样？A 我是生气的。B 我是厌烦的。C 我是兴奋的但也是劳累的。根据文中 “I was excited, but I was very tired too.” 可知我是兴奋的，但我也非常的劳累。故选 C。

57. 书面表达。

同学们，上周 11 月 8 日星期天这一天，你们全班去了吴江公园，请根据提示写一篇日记吧。（从天气、活动和感受等方面入手写哦）！

要求：(1) 不少于 8 句话，40 个词左右；(2) 语句通顺，书写规范。

Sunday 8th November

【答案】范文：

Sunday, 8th November

It was sunny today. Our class went to the Wu Jiang Park. On the way to the park, everyone was very excited. We walked there in the morning. Then we all climbed the hill. On the top of the hill, my classmates and I were very tired but happy. We ate bread and milk for lunch. In the afternoon, some of us went to row boats on the lake, the others read books and had a rest under the trees. We went home at four o'clock in the afternoon. What a nice day!

【解析】

【详解】1. 题干解读：本题要求根据提示写一篇日记。注意从天气、活动和感受等方面来写。注意语句通顺，书写规范。时态可用一般过去时且符合句子数量与词数要求。

2. 参考词汇与句型：

参考词汇：sunny 晴朗的；our class 我们班；on the way to...去……的路上；excited 兴奋的；walk there 步行去那里；climb the hill 爬山；on the top of ...在……的顶上；tired 累的；row boats 划船；have a rest 休息一下

参考句型：It was ...；We were ...；We all ...；Some of us ...；We ... at ... in the afternoon；What a nice day!