# 苏州市 2022-2023 学年第二学期七年级英语期中模拟卷

第一部分 完形填空(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

请认真阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

How can we stay healthy? One important rule is to exercise \_\_\_1\_\_\_. The Fang family try to exercise every day. Lee Fang \_\_\_2\_\_\_ exercise in the morning because he must be at his job at exactly (精确地) seven o'clock. But he runs every evening. He would rather (宁愿) run than watch TV. He walks a lot, \_\_\_3\_\_\_. He walks to school every day, and after school he 4 basketball with his friends. Lee Fang goes to a yoga (瑜伽) class 5 .

But it isn't <u>6</u> way. Last year Mr. and Mrs. Fang used to <u>7</u> everywhere, even to the drugstore  $(\overline{3}\beta)$  two blocks away. They thought they had to use the car all the time. They wouldn't walk.

The Fangs all\_\_\_8\_\_\_better now. And they believe you mustn't be lazy. You\_\_\_9\_\_\_ exercise every day. But you should\_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_ to get in shape (形状) and stay in shape.

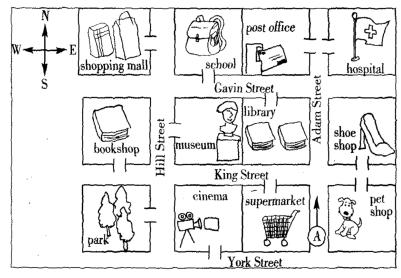
1. A. often	B. sometimes	C. late	D. later	
2. A. may not	B. can not	C. would not	D. should not	
3. A. either	B. also	C. too	D. again	
4. A. watches	B. plays	C. loves	D. practices	
5. A. in two weeks	B. after two weeks	C. for two weeks	D. twice a week	
6. A. always	B. seldom	C. usually	D. sometimes	
7. A. ride	B. drive	C. fly	D. walk	
8. A. had	B. make	C. feel	D. feel like	
9. A. needn't	B. don't	C. won't have to	D. mustn't	
10. A. try	B. want	C. wish	D. hope	

第二部分 阅读理解(共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

请认真阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。并 在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

May has just moved to Sunshine Town. Read the map below and help her find the way.



友果培优



1. The museum is	_•				
A. between the bookshop and the library		B. beside the pet shop			
C next to the hospital		D. in York Street			
2. If May wants to see a doctor, she can go to the hospital in					
A. Hill Street	B. Adam Street	C. York Street	D. King Street		
3. May starts from A, walks along Adam Street, turns left at the second crossing, and she will find					
·					
A. the park on the left		B. the cinema on the right			
C. the library on the left		D. the bookshop on the right			

B

Rory ran her eyes over the shelves in her school library. She pulled out a book. "No." She pushed it back in. She pulled out another book, and another. "No, no …"

She wanted to read her favourite book, Robot Bakes A Cake, but she could not find it.

The librarian, Mrs. Shah, says, "It is here in the library somewhere. Maybe someone is reading it."

"I wonder who has it." Rory looked around.

Her best friend Betty was holding a book about robots. It wasn't Rory's book. Another girl Alysa was reading a book about cake. That wasn't Rory's book either.

Then Rory saw it. <u>A boy called Lance</u> was sitting at a table, turning the pages of a book. The book had pictures of a robot and cake. "<u>That is the book I want!</u>" <u>Rory said</u>.

Rory wanted to ask, "\_\_\_\_" but she didn't. Nobody liked <u>reading a good book in a hurry</u>.

She waited and waited. She frowned (皱眉). How long would she have to wait? Rory picked another book. She tried to read as she waited. She looked at the boy secretly. He was still reading the same page!

Finally, the boy closed the book. He put it back on the shelf. Rory rushed over to the book. At home, she enjoyed every word. "How was the book?" Mrs. Shah asked when Rory returned it. "Worth (值得) the wait!" Rory smiled.

1. When Rory wanted the book *Robot Bakes A Cake* in the library, it was in \_\_\_\_\_ hand.

A. Betty's B. Alysa's C. Lance's D. Mrs. Shah's

2. Which is the best sentence to fill in Paragraph 7?

A. Hello. Can you let me read the book first?

B. I'm sorry. Why do you like reading this book?

C. Hey, boy. This is an interesting book, right?

D. Excuse me. When will you finish reading the book?

3. Why did Rory frown when she was waiting for the book?

A. Because the librarian couldn't find the book for her.

B. Because her best friend Betty wanted to read the book too.

C. Because the book with pictures of a robot and cake was in a boy's hand.

D. Because she didn't know when Lance would put the book back on the shelf.



4. From Rory's words at the end of the story, we can learn that

A. it's important to be polite

C. reading can help make friends

B. a good thing is worth the wait

D. try your best to get what you want

С

Do you like walking in the forest or climbing the hill? Studies (研究) show that staying in a green place will make people feel comfortable and happy. But how about blue places? <u>They</u> include beaches, rivers, lakes and some other areas with water. Are they good for people's health and mood (心情) too?

"There are a lot of studies on how green places help with people's health, but not many on blue space (空间)," Mark, a scientist says.

To learn whether (是否) blue space has benefits (益处), Mark and his team make a study. It takes three weeks. In the first week, 59 people spend 20 minutes each day walking along a beach in Barcelona, Spain. Then, during a different week, they spend 20 minutes walking along city streets. In the third week, they spend 20 minutes just staying indoors. After each activity, the team uses some ways to assess (评估) people's mood and health. Then they find that walking in blue space really helps a lot.

About 55% of people around the world now live in cities and there will be more in the future. It is important for people to build more blue and green space in our daily life.

1. What does the underlined word "They" refer to (指代)?

A. blue places B. green places C. health studies D. outdoor activities

2. What does Mark mean (意思是) in Paragraph (段) 2?

A. Blue space doesn't help with people's health.

B. Green and blue space are both good for health.

C. People don't spend a lot of time in blue space.

D. Only a few studies are about blue space's benefits.

3. What does Paragraph 3 mainly talk about?

A. Why Mark wants to do the study. B. How Mark's team makes the study.

C. What different benefits blue space has. D. How long people should stay in blue space each day.

4. In which part of a newspaper can we probably read the passage?

A. SPORTS B. PEOPLE C. HEALTH D. TRAVEL

### D

Do you have a headache(头痛)? Take an aspirin(阿司匹林) or eat bird brains(禽脑). Do you want beautiful skin? Use skin cream or eat pearls(珍珠). Is your hair turning grey? Color your hair or eat black rice.

"Eat bird brains, pearls, and black rice?" Some people ask. "How strange!" But for many Chinese people, bird brains, pearls, and black rice are not strange things to eat. Instead(相反), they are good medicines(药). Food that people use for medicines is called medicinal(药用的) food. The Chinese have eaten medicinal food and spices(香辛料) for centuries(世纪). Ginger(姜), for

D. pearls

example, is a common spice(普通调料) in Chinese cooking. Ginger gives food a nice flavor(滋味). The Chinese began to use ginger many years ago. They used ginger not because it tasted good. They used ginger because it was medicinal. Ginger, they thought, was good for the digestion(消化). It also helped people who had colds. Pepper(辣椒) and garlic(蒜), too, were probably medicines a long time ago.

Some people don't believe that food and spices are good medicines. They want to buy their medicine in drugstores(药店), not in supermarkets. Other people want to try medicinal food. They say, "Maybe medicinal food can't help me. But it can't hurt me, either."

People can try medicinal food at a Chinese restaurant in California, the USA. The restaurant serves medicinal food. The menus at the restaurant have a list of dinners. Next to each dinner there is information about the food. For example, the information helps people order "Queen's Secret," which is one dinner at the restaurant. This dinner has meat from chickens with black feathers. It is for women who want to look young.

1. All of the followings are common spices in Chinese cooking EXCEPT(除了)\_\_\_\_\_.

A. ginger B. pepper C. garlic

2. What do you know about medical food?

A. The Chinese have eaten medicinal food for a long time.

- B. Many Chinese believe medicinal food tastes good.
- C. Medical food may be bad for your health.
- D. Medicinal food is served all over the world.
- 3. Why did the Chinese begin to use ginger many years ago?
- A. Because it gave food different flavors.
- B. Because it made food more delicious.D. Because it made people feel cold.
- C. Because it was good for people's health.
- 4. What can we infer(推测) according to the passage?
- A. More foreigners(外国人) will learn more about medicinal food.
- B. All the Chinese will believe black rice stops hair turning grey.
- C. Ginger will be more and more popular in China.
- D. Medicinal food will be sold in drugstores and supermarkets.

## 第三部分 信息还原(共5小题:每小题1分,满分5分)

请认真阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,选项中有两项为多 余选项。

A: Hello, Jack. You look tired. What's up?

B: 1

A: What football games?

- B: The World Cup.
- A: It seems that you like playing football. \_\_\_\_2\_\_\_
- B: Well, I just enjoy watching the games on TV.
- A: You mean you don't like playing football. \_\_\_\_3\_\_\_
- B: I seldom play sports.

A: Exercise is good for our health. 4

B: You are right. Maybe I will have a try.

A: \_\_\_5\_\_\_

B: Good idea.

A. I watched football games late at night.

B. Maybe we can play football together some day.

C. What about going jogging tomorrow?

D. You should do more exercise.

E. Then how often do you play sports?

F. I don't agree with you.

G. I played football all day yesterday.

## 第四部分词汇运用(共13小题;每小题1分,满分13分)

# 第一节 根据下列句子所给汉语注释或首字母,在答题卡标有题号的横线上,写出空缺处各 单词的正确形式,每空限填一词。

1. My brother is kind enough to share his drinks with one of the poor \_\_\_\_\_(工程师).

2. Lions are very \_\_\_\_\_ (危险的) animals. Never go near them.

3.—Do the \_\_\_\_\_(经理) clothes look nice?

—Yes, they look nice and modern on him.

4. Each of them \_\_\_\_\_ (记得) their English teacher because the teacher is very nice and warm-hearted.

5. Is your cousin \_\_\_\_\_ (准备) his birthday party in his bedroom at the moment?

6. There is so much \_\_\_\_\_ on the road today that I am late for school.

7. —What a good day today!

-Yes, I am looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_ a boat on the lake.

8. Let me write it down while it's still \_\_\_\_\_ in my mind.

**第二节**请认真阅读下面短文,从方框中选择适当的单词或短语,在横线上填入其正确形式。 每个单词或短语仅用一次。

look after, in many ways, anything, become, hospitals

Would you like to do something fun and meaningful? Then join us to be a volunteer! We have voluntary jobs of all ages. Anyone, from twelve-year-old children to people in their seventies, can \_\_\_\_\_1\_\_\_ a volunteer.

You can help people \_\_\_\_2\_\_. The enclosed communities need volunteers to send food and medicine to people inside. \_\_\_3\_\_\_ need volunteers to make the sick people queue for their turn. Animal lovers can help \_\_\_4\_\_\_ those homeless dogs and cats in the street. There is something for everyone.

"As a volunteer, I don't want to get <u>5</u>. Seeing other people's happy faces, I'm glad, too." said Carlos Domingo, an old woman of 62. If everyone helps out a bit, we'll have a better world to live in.

#### 第五部分 短文填空(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

请认真阅读下面短文,填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

"In the first year, it was just a small village. In the 1 (two) year, it became a busy

\_\_\_\_\_2\_\_\_. In the third year, it had grown into a big city. This is how Chengdu, my hometown got its name.

Marco Polo described Chengdu as a "powerful city". A French traveller, Goodelman \_\_\_\_3\_\_\_ (call) it the "Oriental Paris(东方巴黎)". It's a good place to live.

The city is famous \_\_\_\_4\_\_\_ the delicious food—hot pot, noodles, beef, duck and tofu—as well as the spicy flavour of \_\_\_\_5\_\_\_ (it) food. In 2010, UNESCO named Chengdu as a "World Food Capital".

But Chengdu isn't all about food. The city also has lots of culture, Chengdu is \_\_6\_\_ old city. During the Three Kingdoms Period, it was the \_\_7\_\_ city of Shu Han. The city's cultural legacy(文化遗产) includes poems, \_\_8\_\_ (paint), silk and many historical sites.

And finally don't forget the city's lovely pandas that you can seldom see in other \_\_\_9\_\_\_(city).

This is my hometown, a powerful city. \_\_\_\_10\_\_\_ to Chengdu!

第六部分 阅读表达(共3小题;1题2分,2题2分,3题3分,满分7分) 请认真阅读下面短文,用英语回答短文后的问题。

I'm Amy, an Australian. I've got a sister and a cute dog.

My family live near the beach. In summer, we often spend all the day on the beach. We swim, build sandcastles and play with our beach ball. Sometimes I look after my little sister because she can't swim. The sun is very strong in Australia, so we always wear our hats. Our dog also wears a small hat. It looks really funny.

We usually have a picnic on the beach. That's my favourite. Each time our dog ties to eat our picnic, Mum can always get the picnic from it. After the picnic, Mum buys us ice creams. I often wait with my sister in a beach chair and my dad sleeps in a hammock (吊床) between two trees. We eat the delicious ice creams and then call it a day.

1. How many people are there in Amy's family?

3. Why do they always wear their hats?

4. What does Amy like to do best on the beach?

# 第七部分 书面表达 (共1题; 满分 25 分)

假如你是王强,你住在苏州市中心,你居住的小区在苏州中心附近。你得知你的英国笔 友 Ryan 正在上海学习中文,于是你想要邀请他来你的家乡苏州游玩。现在你要写一封邀请 信,邀请他来参观游玩。邀请信需包含如下内容:

Where is Suzhou and what is it like?

What is around your neighbourhood?

What can you do in Suzhou?

How can Ryan get to your home?

注意:

1. 词数 80 左右 (短文的开头已给出,不计入总词数);

2. 参考要点,可进行补充和拓展;

3. 文中不得透露校名、真实姓名、地址等信息。

#### Dear Ryan,

I know you are studying Chinese in Shanghai these days. I am writing to invite you to visit my hometown Suzhou.

Hope to see you soon in Suzhou.

Yours,

Wang Qiang

# 参考答案

#### 第一部分完形填空(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

【答案】1.A 2.B 3.C 4.B 5.D 6.A 7.B 8.C 9.A 10.A 【解析】我们怎样才能保持健康?一个重要的规则就是要经常锻炼。这篇短文中给我们介绍了 Fang 先生一家人,他们尽量每天都锻炼,所以他们身体非常好。

1 句意: 一个重要的原则就是经常锻炼。

考查副词辨析及语境。often 经常; sometimes 有时候; late 晚的,迟到; later 之后,后来。 根据下句话 The Fang family try to exercise every day.可知,这篇短文给我们讲述的是锻炼身 体对保持健康的重要性。因此我们应经常锻炼,故选 A。

2 句意: Lee Fang 早上不能锻炼,因为他必须整七点去上班。

考查情态动词辨析及语境。may not 可能不; can not 不能; would not 不会,不愿意; should not 不应该。根据句中 because he must be at his job at exactly(精确地) seven o'clock.可知, Lee Fang 上班时间很早,所以他早上的时候不能去锻炼。故应选 B。

3 句意:他也经常走路。

考查副词辨析及语境。either 也,常用于否定句句末; also 也,用于句中; too 也,用于肯定 句句末; again 再一次。这是肯定句的句末,故应选 C。

4 句意: 放学后, 他和他的朋友们一起打篮球。

考查动词辨析及语境。watches 观看; plays 玩, 打球; loves 爱, 喜爱; practices 练习。根据 句意和空后的 basketball 可知, 这里考查"打篮球", 故应选 B。

5 句意: Lee Fang 一周上两次瑜伽课。

考查短语辨析及语境。in two weeks 在两周后,与一般将来时搭配; after two weeks 两周后; for two weeks 两周,一段时间; twice a week 一周两次。根据句意可知,这里表示上瑜伽课的频率,故应选 D。

6 句意: 但并不总是这样。

考查副词辨析及语境。always 总是; seldom 很少; usually 通常; sometimes 有时候。上文介 绍了 Lee Fang 尽量每天锻炼; 而这一段介绍的是他们也经常开车去每个地方, 因此"并不总 是这样", 故应选 A。

7 句意: 去年 Fang 先生和 Fang 夫人经常开车去每个地方, 甚至两个街区远的药房也开车去。 考查动词辨析及语境。ride 骑车; drive 开车; fly 飞; walk 走路, 散步。根据下句话 They thought they had to use the car all the time 可知, 他们经常开车, 故这里应选 B。

8 句意: 方先生一家现在感觉更好了。

考查动词辨析及语境。had 拥有,过去式; make 制作; feel 感觉; feel like 感觉像; 喜欢。 空后 better 是"更好的",是形容词比较级,故这里选系动词 feel,选 C。

9 句意: 你不需要每天都锻炼。

考查情态动词辨析及语境。needn't 不需要; don't 不; won't have to 不必; mustn't 禁止,不要。 根据文意可知,锻炼经常做就可以,不用每天都锻炼。故这里表示"不必,没有必要",故应 选 A。

10 句意: 但是你应该尽力保持体形。

考查动词辨析及语境。try 尽力; want 想要; wish 希望; hope 希望。根据句意可知,这里表

示"尽力去做某事",考查句型 try to do sth.,故应选 A。

第二部分阅读理解(共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

А

【答案】1.A 2.B 3.C

【解析】本文主要介绍了 Sunshine Town 的地图详情。

1细节理解题。根据所提供的地图可知,博物馆位于书店和图书馆之间。故选 A。

2细节理解题。根据所提供的地图可知,医院的所在街道是 Adam Street。故选 B。

3 细节理解题。根据所提供地图可知, 若 May 从 A 开始沿着 Adam Street 走, 在 Adam Street 的第二个十字路口左转, 那么左转后她会看到在她左边的图书馆。故选 C。

B

【答案】1.C 2.D 3.D 4.B

【解析】本文主要讲了 Rory 在图书馆寻找一本自己很喜欢的书,最后发现是其他人正在看,她耐心等他人读完,得到了书,回家开心地阅读的故事。

1 细节理解题。根据"A boy called Lance was sitting at a table, turning the pages of a book. The book had pictures of a robot and cake. 'That is the book I want!' Rory said."可知, Lance 正在读。故选 C。

2 推理判断题。根据"but she didn't. Nobody liked reading a good book in a hurry."可知,没有人 喜欢匆忙地读一本好书,因此问句和时间有关,所以 D 项"打扰一下。你什么时候能读完这 本书?"符合文意。故选 D。

3 推理判断题。根据"She waited and waited. She frowned (皱眉). How long would she have to wait?"可知, Rory 皱眉是因为她不知道要等多长时间,即Lance 什么时候能把书放回书架。故选 D。

4 推理判断题。根据"Mrs. Shah asked when Rory returned it. 'Worth (值得) the wait!' Rory smiled."可知, Rory 说"等待是值得的",从这句话我们知道,好东西值得等待。故选 B。

С

【答案】1.A 2.D 3.B 4.C

【解析】本文通过马克及其团队的研究说明了人们在日常生活中建造更多的蓝色和绿色场所 是很重要的。

1 词句猜测题。根据"But how about blue places? <u>They</u> include beaches, rivers, lakes and some other areas with water."可知,它们包括了海滩、河流、湖泊和其它一些有水的地方,说明代 词"They"指的是蓝色的地方。故选 A。

2 细节理解题。根据"There are a lot of studies on how green places help with people's health, but not many on blue space (空间)"可知,有很多关于绿色场所如何帮助人们健康的研究,但关于蓝色空间的研究并不多。说明关于蓝色场所的好处的研究很少。故选 D。

3 段落大意题。根据"In the first week, 59 people spend 20 minutes each day walking along a beach in Barcelona, Spain. Then, during a different week, they spend 20 minutes walking along city streets. In the third week, they spend 20 minutes just staying indoors. After each activity, the team uses some ways to assess (评估) people's mood and health."可知,第三段主要讲马克的团队是如何进行这项研究的。故选 B。

4 推理判断题。根据"Are they good for people's health and mood(心情) too?"可知, 文章通过

讲述马克及其团队的研究可知, 蓝色场所对人们的健康和心情有好处, 由此可知这篇文章应 该是来自报纸的健康版块。故选 C。

#### D

【答案】58.D 59.A 60.C 61.A

【解析】本文主要讲述了中国传统的药膳,不仅味道好,还对人的健康有利,而且中国人吃药膳历史悠久。现在很多外国人都想了解中国的药膳并尝试中国的药膳。

1 细节理解题。根据"Ginger(姜), for example, is a common spice(普通调料) in Chinese cooking."及"Pepper(辣椒) and garlic(蒜), too, were probably medicines a long time ago."可知,

姜、蒜、辣椒是中国常用的佐料。故选 D。

2 细节理解题。根据"The Chinese have eaten medicinal food and spices(香辛料) for centuries(世纪)."可知,中国人吃药用食物已经几个世纪,有着很长的时间。故选 A。

3细节理解题。根据"They used ginger not because it tasted good. They used ginger because it was medicinal."可知,人们使用姜是因为它的药用价值,对人们的健康有好处。故选 C。

4 推理判断题。根据"People can try medicinal food at a Chinese restaurant in California, the USA."可知,在加利福尼亚,人们能够在中国的餐馆里尝试药膳,由此可推测出更多的外国 人将对中国的药膳了解得更多。故选 A。

### 第三部分信息还原(共5小题:每小题1分,满分5分)

【答案】1.A 2.B 3.E 4.D 5.C

【解析】本文是 A 与 Jack 从聊起熬夜看足球比赛到建议多做运动的一则对话。

1 根据"You look tired. What's up"及"What football games?"可知, 熬夜看足球比赛了, A 选项 "我在深夜看足球比赛"符合, 故选 A。

2 根据"It seems that you like playing football"可知,此处提到了"踢足球", B 选项"也许哪天我 们可以一起踢足球"符合, 故选 B。

3 根据" I seldom play sports"可知, 询问做运动的频率, E 选项"那你多久做一次运动"符合, 故选 E。

4 根据"Exercise is good for our health"可知,锻炼对身体有好处,D选项"你应该多做运动"符合,故选D。

5 根据"Good idea."可知,此处提出了某种建议,C选项"明天去慢跑怎么样"符合,故选C。 第四部分词汇运用(共13小题;每小题1分,满分13分)

第一节根据下列句子所给汉语注释或首字母,在答题卡标有题号的横线上,写出空缺处各 单词的正确形式,每空限填一词。

1. My brother is kind enough to share his drinks with one of the poor \_\_\_\_\_(工程师).

【答案】engineers

【解析】句意:我哥哥足够好心,和可怜的工程师之一分享他的饮料。"one of +名词复数" 表示"……之一", engineers 为名词 engineer"工程师"的复数形式。故填 engineers。

2. Lions are very \_\_\_\_\_ (危险的) animals. Never go near them.

【答案】dangerous

【解析】句意:狮子是非常危险的动物。千万不要靠近它们。dangerous"危险的",形容词作 定语。故填 dangerous。

3.—Do the \_\_\_\_\_(经理) clothes look nice?

-Yes, they look nice and modern on him.

【答案】manager's

【解析】句意:——经理的衣服看起来漂亮吗?——是的,他穿起来既好看又时髦。"经理"manager,根据"him"可知此处 manager 用单数,再由"clothes"可知用其名词所有格 manager's。故填 manager's。

4. Each of them \_\_\_\_\_ (记得) their English teacher because the teacher is very nice and warm-hearted.

【答案】remembers

【解析】句意:他们每个人都记得他们的英语老师,因为老师很好,而且热心。remember 表示"记得", each of 作主语时,谓语动词用单数。故填 remembers。

5. Is your cousin \_\_\_\_\_ (准备) his birthday party in his bedroom at the moment?

【答案】preparing

【解析】句意:你表哥现在正在他卧室准备他的生日派对吗?根据"at the moment"可知描述 正在进行的事,用现在进行时, prepare 表示"准备"。故填 preparing。

6. There is so much \_\_\_\_\_ on the road today that I am late for school.

【答案】traffic

【解析】句意:路上有如此多的交通以至于我上学迟到了。on the road 路上,根据语境可知,路上有许多交通,交通英文为 traffic,不可数名词。故填 traffic。

7. —What a good day today!

—Yes, I am looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_ a boat on the lake.

【答案】rowing

【解析】句意: ——今天天气真好! ——是的,我很期待在湖上划船。根据空后"...a boat on the lake."可知,此处是说在湖上划船, row"划船", look forward to doing sth"期盼做某事", 空处用动名词形式 rowing。故填 rowing。

8. Let me write it down while it's still \_\_\_\_\_ in my mind.

【答案】fresh

【解析】句意:趁我还记忆犹新,让我把它写下来。根据"Let me write it down"可知,此处 是指趁自己还记忆犹新。fresh"新近出现的,新近体验的",形容词作表语。故填 fresh。 第二节请认真阅读下面短文,从方框中选择适当的单词或短语,在横线上填入其正确形式。 每个单词或短语仅用一次。

【答案】1. become 2. in many ways 3. Hospitals 4. look after 5. anything 【解析】本文主要是说如果你想做一些有趣而有意义的事情,那就加入我们成为志愿者。 1 句意:任何人,从12 岁的孩子到70 多岁的人,都可以成为志愿者。根据"from twelve-year-old children to people in their seventies, can ... a volunteer."可知,指从12 岁的孩子到70 多岁的人 都可以成为志愿者; 情态动词 can 后跟动词原形, become"成为"。故填 become。

2 句意: 你可以在很多方面帮助别人。根据下文"The enclosed communities need volunteers to send food and ... homeless dogs and cats in the street."可知,这里介绍了许多方面都可以帮助人; in many ways"在许多方面"。故填 in many ways。

3 句意: 医院需要志愿者让病人排队等候。根据"make the sick people queue for their turn."可知,这里指医院"hospital",在句中作主语,谓语动词是原形,因此这里填名词复数,位于句

首首字母大写,故填 Hospitals。

4 句意:爱动物的人可以帮忙照看街上无家可归的猫狗。根据"Animal lovers can help...those homeless dogs and cats"可知,这里指照看无家可归的猫狗; look after"照看", help 后跟动词 原形。故填 look after。

5 句意: 作为一名志愿者,我不想得到任何东西。根据"As a volunteer, I don't want to get ... Seeing other people's happy faces, I'm glad, too."可知,此处表示看到其他人的笑脸就很开心, 并不期望得到任何东西; anything"任何东西"。故填 anything。

第五部分短文填空(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

【答案】1. second 2. town 3. called 4. for 5. its

6. an 7. capital 8. paints 9. cities

10. Welcome

【解析】本文主要介绍了成都这座城市,介绍了它的美食,文化等。

1 句意:第二年,它变成了一个繁忙的小镇。根据 the 可知,此空应填序数词 second,故填 second。

2 句意:第二年,它变成了一个繁忙的小镇。根据"it was just a small village"及"it had grown into a big city"可知,由小镇变为城镇再变成大城市,town"城镇",根据 a 可知,此空应填单数形式,故填 town。

3 句意:一个法国旅行者,古德曼称之为"东方巴黎"。根据"described"可知,此空应填动词 过去式,故填 called。

4 句意:这座城市以火锅、面条、牛肉、鸭子和豆腐以及辛辣的食物而闻名。根据"The city is famous... the delicious food"可知,成都以这些美食而闻名, be famous for"因.....而出名", 故填 for。

5 句意:这座城市以火锅、面条、牛肉、鸭子和豆腐以及辛辣的食物而闻名。此空修饰名词 food,应填形容词性物主代词 its,故填 its。

6 句意:这个城市也有很多文化,成都是一个古老的城市。此处表示"一个古老的城市",表示泛指,且 old 是以元音音素开头的,故填 an。

7 句意: 三国时期, 它是蜀汉的都城。根据"During the Three Kingdoms Period, it was the...city of Shu Han"及常识可知, 成都在三国时期是蜀汉的都城, the capital of ".....的首都", 故填 capital。

8 句意:这座城市的文化遗产包括诗歌、绘画、丝绸和许多历史遗迹。paint"绘画",可数名词,结合 poems 可知,此空应填复数形式,故填 paints。

9 句意:最后,别忘了这座城市可爱的熊猫,你在其他城市很少能看到它们。other 修饰名词 复数形式,故填 cities。

10 句意:欢迎来到成都!前面介绍了成都这座城市,目的是吸引人们来旅游,所以此处指"欢迎来到成都",故填 Welcome。

第六部分阅读表达(共3小题;1题2分,2题2分,3题3分,满分7分)

【答案】1. Four./4.

3. Because the sun is very strong in Australia.

4. She likes to have a picnic on the beach best.

【解析】本文主要介绍了作者家住在海滩附近,夏天一家人经常游泳,建沙堡,玩沙滩球等。

1 根据文章第一段"I've got a sister and a cute dog."及第三段中的"Mum can always get the picnic from it......my dad sleeps in a hammock (吊床) between two trees"可知, Amy 家有四口 人, 故填 Four./4.

2 根据文章第二段中的"The sun is very strong in Australia, so we always wear our hats"可知,因为澳大利亚的太阳很强,所以他们总是戴着帽子,故填 Because the sun is very strong in Australia.

3 根据文章第三段中的"We usually have a picnic on the beach. That's my favourite"可知, Amy 最喜欢在沙滩上野餐, 故填 She likes to have a picnic on the beach best.

第七部分书面表达(共1题; 满分25分)

【答案】

Dear Ryan,

I know you are studying Chinese in Shanghai these days. I am writing to invite you to visit my hometown Suzhou.

It has a history of over 4000 years and lies in Jiangsu Province. It is a beautiful city that is famous for its elegant classical gardens. There are lots of tall buildings around my neighbourhood. My neighbours are very friendly and hospitable. You can visit many beautiful gardens and enjoy delicious food. My home is in the center of city. You can take the No. 2 bus and get off at the Nanjing Road station. You can easily find my home.

Hope to see you soon in Suzhou.

Yours, Wang Qiang