

苏州市 2021-2022 学年第二学期初一英语期末模拟卷

一、单项填空(每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

- ()1. Eileen Gu, a _____ Chinese-American skier, decided to represent(代表) China to join in the Beijing 2022 Winter Olympic Games.
A. 17-year-old B. 17 years old C. 17-years-old D. 17 old
- ()2. —Charles, you should mind your manners. It is _____ to talk when your mouth is full.
—Sorry, Mum. I won't do it next time.
A. careless B. rude C. lazy D. funny
- ()3. To find the treasure, you should swim _____ a big river and then walk _____ a Forest.
A. across; through B. through; past C. past; across D. across; past
- ()4. My family went camping by the lake happily. _____ great time we had yesterday!
A. What B. What a C. How D. How a
- ()5. —_____ I take the book home? I really like it.
—Sure. But you _____ keep it clean.
A. May; may B. Can; can C. May, must D. Must; may
- ()6. —What a difficult question! But I'm sure _____ can find out the answer.
—I think so. Maybe Jim can.
A. someone B. anyone C. no one D. everyone
- ()7. —Frank, you look worried today. Anything wrong?
—Well, I _____ an important test and I'm waiting for the result(结果).
A. will take B. took C. am taking D. take
- ()8. I noticed the train _____ into the station slowly when I was there.
A. comes B. is coming C. to come D. coming
- ()9. —I'm sorry. I _____ my homework at home.
—That's all right. Don't forget _____ it here tomorrow.
A. forgot; to bring B. left; to take
C. forgot, to take D. left; to bring
- ()10. —Can you buy me some apples on your way back?
—_____. How many would you like
A. It's nothing B. That's right C. No problem D. What's up

二、完形填空(每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

Long long ago, there was a swan(天鹅) with golden feathers(羽毛). She lived in a lake. A woman lived in a small house near the lake with her two daughters. They were very 11 . They worked hard all years around, but still, they lived a hard life.

The swan was 12 to see that. She said to herself, "I'll give one of my 13 to them each day. Then they can live a happy life with the money 14 my feathers." That evening, she flew to the poor woman's house and left a golden feather on the table. From then on, the swan came every day and gave them a golden feather. The woman was very happy 15 their life was much better than before,

But day after day, the woman became greedy(贪婪的). She said to her 16 , "The swan may fly away one day. If so, we will be poor again. We should take all her feathers when she comes next time."

"Oh, no, Mum!" cried her daughters. "This will 17 the swan. She helps us a lot!" But the mother wouldn't 18 . When the swan came 19 , the mother caught her and took all her feathers. But suddenly, the golden feathers 20 chicken feathers.

Then, the golden swan said, "Poor Mother, I came to help you, but you wanted to kill me. Now, I am leaving and will never come back. Never be greedy!" Leaving these words, the swan flew away.

- ()11. A. lazy B. lucky C. busy D. poor
 ()12. A. afraid B. sad C. kind D. surprised
 ()13. A. feathers B. coins C. presents D. collections
 ()14. A. sending B. selling C. buying D. taking
 ()15. A. so B. and C. because D. if
 ()16. A. brothers B. sisters C. sons D. daughters
 ()17. A. hurt B. fight C. save D. change
 ()18. A. touch B. hear C. wait D. listen
 ()19. A. at once B. as usual C. by the way D. very soon
 ()20. A. heard of B. looked for
 C. changed into D. came from

三、阅读理解(每小题 2 分, 满分 24 分)

A

The first marathon(马拉松)I ever saw was years ago with my grandma. We stood out on the Boston streets and marveled at the number of feet. The runners were a rumbling herd(兽群) except for a few—like the swiftest Birds who shot out alone to run their races with determination(决心) carved into their faces. Motorboats speeding over gray water these runners would inspire(激励)anyone's daughter. That was the day I made the decision—the bounce in my steps clarified my vision. I went home that day and laced up my shoes and although my feet started out as one big bruise I've run in every Boston Marathon since and now I'm so strong I don't ever wince(退缩).



- ()21. Which of the following rhyme with each other in the poem?
 A. Saw and grandma. B. Birds and faces.
 C. Would and made D. Water and daughter.
 ()22. The poem tells us _____.
 A. why "I" decided to run B. how "I" lived in Boston
 C. why "I" failed in marathon D. how "I" spent life with Grandma
 ()23. What do we know about the poet?
 A. The poet is a girl.
 B. The poet is a college student.
 C. The poet doesn't do well in studies.
 D. The poet doesn't like outdoor activities.

B

Leonardo Nicanor Quintero comes from a small town of Las Piedritas, Argentina. He is 13 years old and he studies in a high school. But he opens his own free private(私人的)school. There he teaches other children and some adults(成人).

Leonardo loves to study very much. He sees some children have problems with their studies, and some of them even spend all their free time on the street. Then he plans to start his own school. Leonardo asks his grandmother Ramona for help and then he builds a school next to his grandmother's house.

The school is pretty small and there are only 36 students. With the help of his neighbours, the school is getting better day by day. Now it is just like a regular school. It has desks, chairs, a teacher's desk, a blackboard, a bell and a small library.

Leonardo works as both a teacher and the headmaster(校长) in the school. Every day after school, he goes to his own school by bike. He teaches different subjects, like Maths, reading and writing. Sometimes, when students cannot come to school in the day, Leonardo teaches them at night.

Many of his students become better because of Leonardo. He is very happy to see that.

- ()24. What's Paragraph 2 mainly about?
- A. Why Leonardo opens his own school.
B. What Leonardo does in his own school.
C. Where Leonardo builds his own school.
D. Who helps Leonardo start his own school.
- ()25. Which of the following is TRUE about the last two Paragraph?
- A. Most students get to Leonardo's school by bike.
B. All the students study better with the help of Leonardo.
C. Leonardo sometimes gives lessons to his students at night.
D. There are three different kinds of subjects in Leonardo's school.
- ()26. What's the best title for the passage?
- A. A Boy Who Loves to Study B. A Small Town of Las Piedritas
C. A Special High School in Argentina D. A 13-year-old Boy and His Own School

C

One day, a farmer was walking along a road with his son Thomas. The father said, "Look! There's a horseshoe(马蹄铁). Pick it up and put it in your bag." Thomas said, "It isn't worth(值得) the trouble." His father said nothing but he picked it up himself. When they got to a nearby town, they had a rest. There the farmer sold the horseshoe and with the few money he bought some grapes(葡萄).

It was very hot, and there wasn't a house or a tree where they could have a rest. Thomas felt too thirsty(口渴的)to walk on. At this time, his father dropped a grape on the ground and Thomas picked it up quickly and ate it. After a while, his father dropped another grape once again. His son picked it up and put it in his mouth.

And so they event on. The old farmer dropped the grapes and the son picked them up. When Thomas had eaten up all the grapes, his father said to him, "My deal son, if you had bent(弯腰) down early to pick up that horseshoe, it would not have been necessary for you to bend so many times for the grapes. Always remember the lesson: A person who does not care about the little things will find that he or she cannot do the great things."

- ()27. Thomas picked up the grapes and ate them because _____.
- A. his father wanted him to eat them B. he liked them
C. he was thirsty D. he wanted to sell them

- ()28. The father dropped the grapes one by one because he wanted _____.
- A. his son to eat them all B. to teach his son a lesson
C. to make fun of(捉弄) his son D. to show his love to his son
- ()29. From the passage, we can learn that _____.
- A. if we want to eat grapes, we must pick up a horseshoe
B. a horseshoe is so expensive that it can bring us much money
C. we should care about the small things before we do the great things
D. it's important to pick up a horseshoe on the road

D

Jed couldn't keep the tears from running down his face. His friend, Rob, wanted to help, but the more he talked about it, the worse Jed felt. "I know how terrible you must feel," Rob said. "Everyone on the team thought the coach would choose you. He must be crazy to let Tom swim the breaststroke(蛙泳)!"

When the coach told him about the date and place of the state swimming meeting for boys of 15 and under. Jed was sure he would be swimming the breaststroke. He even told his family that the team couldn't win the event without him. When the coach chose Tom Timons, the new boy from Springfield, to swim the breaststroke, Jed could hardly believe it. Coach Robertson told Jed he could swim on the relay team(接力队), but that offered little **consolation**. "I may leave the team," he told Rob. "I'd rather not swim at all than be on the relay team." "I don't know whether you should do that or not," Rob said, "We need you on the relay team. Of course, if you say you won't swim at all, the coach may change his mind and let you swim the breaststroke." Jed left Rob and headed towards home. He knew it would be embarrassing to have to tell his family and his friends that someone else would take his place. He wondered if he should make up a story and tell his mum and dad that he asked the coach to put the new boy in. Jed didn't know what to do.

- ()34. We can know from the passage that _____.
- A. Rob failed to help Jed
B. Jed didn't want to swim the breaststroke at all
C. Tom would swim on the relay team
D. the coach chose both Jed and Tom for the breaststroke
- ()31. The underlined word "consolation" in Paragraph 2 means "_____".
- A. something that makes him feel sad B. something that makes him feel better
C. another chance to swim the breaststroke D. another chance to be on the relay team
- ()32. The best title of this passage should be "_____".
- A. Too Good to Swim B. Terrible to Be Out
C. The Coach and Jed D. The Relay Team

四、信息还原(每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 选项中有两项为多余选项。

Dogs like living with people. They are very friendly. 33 Some dogs help people to look after sheep, and other dogs help them to find the lost children. And some dogs can help the blind. 34

The seeing eye dog is strong and easy to train. 35 Before a dog becomes a seeing eye dog, it must go to a training school for about three months. First, the dog has to learn to sit or stay when it hears the trainer's call. In its next lesson the dog learns to take its trainer across busy streets. The dog has many things to learn. 36 When it passes the tests(测试), it can become the seeing eye dog.

The new master(主人) may be a man, a woman, or even a child. It takes the dog and its blind master about a month to learn to work and live together.

Now we can see this kind of dogs all over the world. 37

- A. They work for the blind.
- B. They are seeing eye dogs.
- C. The tests are important for them.
- D. They can do many things for people.
- E. It helps the blind to walk from place to place,
- F. At the end of the training school it must take tests.
- G. Then they must help the blind cross the street safely

33. _____ 34. _____ 35. _____ 36. _____ 37. _____

五、词汇检测(每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

根据句意、所给汉语注释及首字母或通过上下文, 写出空缺处各单词的正确形式(每空一词)。

- 38. The light in the room is off. There can't be any student _____ (在里面).
- 39. My grandma always _____ (忘记) to put the things back to the right places.
- 40. I never want to have a birthday party in such an _____ (昂贵的) restaurant.
- 41. Watching English films can help improve your listening and speaking _____ (能力).
- 42. A heavy _____ (触摸) of his hand on her shoulder(肩膀) made her jump.
- 43. The boy is tall enough to r_____ apples on the tree. He feels very happy.
- 44. Monument(纪念碑) to the People's Heroes stands in the c_____ of Tian'anmen Square.
- 45. At the e_____ of the month, we will hold a charity sale(慈善义卖).
- 46. Hobo usually _____ himself behind the door when he is angry.
- 47. Did you hear clearly? Can you _____ what I said just now?

六、短文填空(每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 在横线上填入恰当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。每空限填一词。



For many Chinese people, rice is very important. But for Yuan Longping, rice is 48 (he) life-long career(事业). On May 22, China's Father of hybrid rice(杂交水稻) passed away at the age 49 91. People around the world were sad to hear of his passing.

In the 1960s, people in China didn't have enough food to eat. Many people even 50 (lose) their lives because of this. Yuan was sad and then he started to work on a kind of hybrid rice. He 51 (think) this rice could feed more people.

At the time, other scientists didn't think hybrid rice was OK. 52 Yuan wanted to try again and again. He spent four years 53 (look) for wild(野生的) rice that could be crossed(杂交) with other plants. In 1964, he found it.

In 1973, he grew the world's 54 (one) hybrid rice strain(品种). It got a high yield of over 500 kg per mu. Now farmers can grow it on many different 55 (kind) of land.

Yuan was 56 famous scientist. But he called himself a 57 (farm). He spent most of his time in the field. Yuan himself also said, "Everyone is like a seed. We should try to grow into good people."

48. _____ 49. _____ 50. _____ 51. _____ 52. _____
 53. _____ 54. _____ 55. _____ 56. _____ 57. _____

七、阅读表达(共 3 小题, 第 58 题 1 分, 第 59 题 2 分, 第 60 题 3 分, 满分 6 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 回答短文后的问题.

It's just another day at school. You and your friend are chatting in your classroom. Suddenly, your friend's nose starts to bleed(流血). What would you do? Would you panic(惊慌失措)? Or would you do something to help your friend?

In daily life, we run into emergencies(突发事件, 紧急状况)now and then. Nosebleeds are just one kind of emergency. But if you learn some basic first aid(急救)skills, you can help people during emergencies and maybe even save their lives.

The second Saturday of September is world First Aid Day, which fell on Sept. 8 this year. Right now is a good time for us to learn more about first aid.

First aid, as its name tells us, refers to the first step you can take to care for someone who's injured(受伤的). It includes keeping them safe and staying calm. It also includes asking for help.

Every year in China, 3.2 million people die in emergencies. That's an average of six people per minute. Experts say that the first 10 minutes after an accident can make the difference between life and death. This is why it's important for us to learn first aid.

CPR(心肺复苏)is one of the most useful first aid skills. It can help people who've suffered cardiac arrest(心脏骤停). But if you want to perform CPR, you need to learn how to do it properly. You can take courses offered by the Red Cross Society or some hospitals.

58. When is World First Aid Day?

59. What should we do when someone is injured?

60. Do you think it's necessary for us to learn first aid? Why or why not?

八、书面表达(满分 25 分)

学生会准备组织一批志愿者参加“Help You Know More About Nanjing”的活动, 活动要求志愿者在风景区帮助外地游客了解南京。假如你是七年级六班的 Anna, 想应聘志愿者的职务。请根据下面提供的信息, 用英文给学生会写一篇 70 词左右的自荐信。开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Your abilities and advantages (优点)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Good at English and sports ● Helpful ● Have plenty of free time ● Knowing Nanjing well
Your wish	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Help visitors have a good time in Nanjing

Dear Madam/Sir,

I'm writing to recommend myself as a volunteer for "Help You Know More About Nanjing".

I think I have all the qualities to be a good volunteer.

Yours faithfully,
Anna

参考答案

一、单项选择

1—5 ABABC 6—10 ABDDC

二、完形填空

11—15 DBABC 16—20 DADBC

三、阅读理解

[A] 21—23 DAA [B] 24—26 ACD [C] 27—29 CBC [D] 30—32 ABB

二、完形填空

11. D 根据下文 "They worked hard all year round, but still, they lived a hard life." 可知, 即使她们一年到头都努力工作, 她们仍然过着艰难的生活, 由此可推出她们很贫穷。故选 D。

12. B 根据下文 "I'll give one of my 13 to them each day. Then they can live a happy life" 可知, 天鹅想给她们自己的羽毛, 让她们过上幸福的生活, 再结合选项可知这里是指天鹅为她们艰难的生活感到很难过。故选 B。

13. A 根据下文 "left a golden feather on the table" 可知, 天鹅留下了一根金色的羽毛在她们家的桌子上, 因此这里指天鹅想每天都给她们一根羽毛。故选 A。

14. B 结合语境 "with the money 14 my feathers" 和选项可知, 这里指卖掉羽毛得来的钱。故选 B。

15. C 结合语境 "The woman was very happy 15 their life was much better than before." 可知, 这位妇人很开心, 因为她们的生活比以前好了许多。后半句是前半句的原因, 故选 C。

16. D 根据下文 "Oh, no, Mum!" cried her daughters." 可知, 妇人是在跟她的女儿们说话, 故选 D。

17. A 根据上文 "We should take all her feathers when she comes next time." 可知, 妇人想把天鹅抓起来然后拔光她所有的羽毛。结合下文 "but you wanted to kill me" 和选项可知这会伤害到天鹅。故选 A。

18. D 结合语境 "But the mother wouldn't 18." 和选项可知, 这位母亲没有听从女儿们的话。故选 D。

[易错点拨] 本题易错选 B 项。但 hear 表示“听说, 听到”, listen 表示“听从”, 故不选 B 项。

19. B A. at once 立刻; B. as usual 像往常一样; C. by the way 顺便说一下; D. very soon 马上。根据语境 "When the swan came 19, the mother caught her and took all her feathers." 可知, 当天鹅像往常一样来的时候, 妇人抓住了她并拔光了她的羽毛。故选 B。

20. C A. heard of 听说; B. looked for 寻找; C. changed into 成; D. came from 来自。结合语境 "But suddenly, the golden feathers 20 chicken feathers." 和选项可知, 突然, 金色的羽毛变成了鸡

毛。故选 C。

三、阅读理解

21. D 细节理解题。根据"Motorboats speeding over gray water, these runners would inspire anyone's daughter."可知 water 和 daughter 位于相邻两句句尾,且都以 er 结尾,互相押韵,故选 D。
22. A 主旨大意题。根据"That was the day I made the decision - the bounce in my steps clarified my vision."可知,本文主要讲述了作者为什么要参加马拉松比赛,故选 A。
23. A 推理判断题。根据"Motorboats speeding over gray water, these runners would inspire anyone's daughter."可推断,作者是一名女孩,故选 A。
24. A 段落大意题。通读第二段可知,这一段主要讲述了 Leonardo 为什么开办自己的学校。故选 A。
25. C 判断正误题。根据倒数第二段中的"Sometimes, when students cannot come to school in the day, Leonardo teaches them at night."可知,Leonardo 有时候在晚上给学生们上课。故选 C。
26. D 标题归纳题。通读整篇短文可知,本文主要讲述了一个 13 岁的男孩和他自己创立的学校的故事。故选 D。
27. C 细节理解题。根据第二段中的"Thomas felt too thirsty to walk on. At this time, his father dropped a grape on the ground and Thomas picked it up quickly and ate it."可知,托马斯捡葡萄吃是因为他口渴了。故选 C。
28. B 推理判断题。根据文中描述可知,父亲这样做是为了给儿子一个教训,故选 B。
29. C 推理判断题。根据最后一段中的"Always remember the lesson: A person who does not care about the little things will find that he or she cannot do the great things."可知本题选 C。
30. A 推理判断题。根据第一段"His friend, Rob, wanted to help, but the more he talked about it, the worse Jed felt."可推知,罗伯未能帮助杰德。故选 A。
31. B 词义猜测题。根据第二段"When the coach chose Tom Timons... to swim the breaststroke... Conch Robertson told Jed he could swim on the relay team, but that..."和"I'd rather not swim at all"可知,教练没有选择杰德参加蛙泳比赛,而是告诉他可以参加接力赛,但杰宁愿不游泳也不想参加接力赛,可见这个并没有让杰德好受一点。因此猜测画线单词意为"让人感觉更好的事情",故选 B。
32. B 标题归纳题。根据第二段"Heknewitwouldbe embarrassing to have to tell his family and his friends that someone else would take his place... Jed didn't know what to do."可知,杰德本以

为会被教练选中去参加蛙泳比赛，但是教练却选了别人。他很难过，而且他已经和家人说了会参加蛙泳比赛。B项“没被选中太糟了”与文 童内容贴近。故选 B。

四、信息还原

33—37 DBEFA

五、词汇检测

38. inside 39. forgets 40. expensive 41. abilities 42. touch

43. reach 44. centre 45. end 46. hides 47. repeat

六、短文填空

48. his 49. of 50. lost 51. thought 52. But

53. looking 54. first 55. kinds 56. a 57. farmer

七、阅读表达

58. The second Saturday of September.

59. We should keep them safe, stay calm and ask for help.

60. Yes. Because first aid can make the difference between life and death.

八、书面表达

One possible version:

Dear Madam/Sir,

I'm writing to recommend myself as a volunteer for "Help You Know More About Nanjing".

I'm a helpful student in Class 6, Grade 7. I like English and I'm good at it. I am also good at sports. I get on well with my classmates and teachers. I have plenty of free time after school. I also know Nanjing well. I'd like to be a volunteer because it's a good chance for me to help others. I can help the visitors have a good time in Nanjing.

I think I have all the qualities to be a good volunteer.

Yours faithfully,

Anna