

昆山市2025-2026学年第二学期六年级英语
期中考试模拟试题

四、单项选择

- () 1. The lion let the mouse _____.
- A. goes B. go C. going D. to go
- () 2. It's good for the fish to have _____ water plants in the tank.
- A. little B. a little C. few D. a few
- () 3. My son _____ eating meat but I want _____ some vegetables.
- A. likes; eat B. like; to eat C. likes; eating D. likes; to eat
- () 4. What _____ Tom and Tina _____ bring to the party?
- A. are; go to B. are; going to C. is; going to D. are; going
- () 5. It's not _____ to run on the road. We must cross the roads _____.
- A. safety; safe B. safe; safely C. safely; safety D. unsafe; safety
- () 6. Blake has a toothache. He _____ eat too many sweets and _____ brush his teeth.
- A. can; should B. should; should C. shouldn't; should D. must; can't
- () 7. I eat a _____ noodles. I can't eat anymore.
- A. little B. few C. lot of D. lots of
- () 8. The hole is too _____. I can't _____ the ball in it.
- A. tall; find B. tall; look for C. deep; reach D. deeply; reach
- () 9. _____ the boy late for school?
- A. Does B. Do C. Are D. Is
- () 10. Some children are crossing the road. We _____ stop and wait.
- A. mustn't B. must C. shouldn't D. can't

五、词汇运用题

(A) 根据首字母提示完成句子

1. To keep safe, we should find a zebra c_____ near us when we walk across the road.
2. The baby is sleeping. Please walk q_____.
3. We s_____ and mopped the floor together yesterday. It was very clean.
4. Chinese people usually eat n_____ on birthdays. It means we can live a long life.
5. —Does he get up late every day? —Yes, he a_____ gets up late.

八、完型填空。

请先阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Hello, my name is Mike. I'm thirteen 1. I'm a good boy. I often play volleyball, so I'm strong and 2. 3 breakfast, I always have some bread, an egg and a glass of orange juice. I sometimes have rice, fish 4 an apple for lunch. I really love apples, 5 "An apple a day keeps the doctor away(离开)". 6 the afternoon, I usually 7 a glass of milk and some biscuits. For dinner, I often have some soup, meat and vegetables. I like vegetables because 8 fresh and healthy. They are good 9 me. Look at me! 10 tall and strong I am now!

- () 1. A. old B. year old C. years old
- () 2. A. health B. healthy C. ill
- () 3. A. On B. For C. In
- () 4. A. and B. in C. of
- () 5. A. because B. so C. why
- () 6. A. In B. At C. On
- () 7. A. eat B. have C. drink
- () 8. A. they are B. there are C. their
- () 9. A. at B. of C. for
- () 10. A. How a B. How C. What

九、根据短文内容，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Wrong ideas about exercise

Today, people want to keep healthy. They do some exercise, but some of them have some wrong ideas about it.

"It's good to have a plate of chicken before exercise because it has much energy."

No, it's wrong. It's good to have food with much carbohydrate(碳水化合物) before games. Food like potatoes, bread and bananas is rich in it. But chicken and other meat are not.

"The best time to exercise is early in the morning."

No! Morning is a good time to exercise, but it may not be fit for you. If you want to get healthier, you can choose any time that suits(适合) you to exercise. So there is no fixed time for you to exercise.

“If you drink water when you exercise, you’ll feel tired.”

The fact is that you must have some water during breaks(休息) when you exercise. And after exercising, you must have enough water. If you don’t drink enough water, you may feel tired.

“Exercising every day is quite important.”

Wrong! Too much exercise is bad for your health. You need to give your body enough rest.

() 1. How many wrong ideas about exercise are mentioned(提及) in this passage?

- A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.

() 2. What does the underlined word “fixed” mean in Chinese?

- A. 重要的 B. 固定的 C. 零碎的 D. 牢固的

() 3. What food should you eat before exercise?

- A. Bananas. B. Chicken. C. Meat. D. Vegetables.

() 4. You should drink water _____.

- A. any time B. just before exercise
C. during breaks and after exercising D. all the time

() 5. Which of the following sentences is TRUE?

- A. Exercising every day is quite important.
B. Too much exercise is good for your health.
C. You need to give your body enough rest.
D. You must always drink water before doing exercise.

十、根据短文内容，判断正(T)误(F)。

Long long ago, there was a cat and a mouse. They were good friends. They lived together. One day, a cow came and said, "Hello, my friends. There will be a football game in the forest tomorrow. Do you want to join us? If you win, you'll get much food." "Really?" The cat and the mouse were very excited. They wanted to take part in(参加) the match. So the cat said to the mouse, "My dear, I often sleep, sleep, sleep. You get up early every day. Please call me tomorrow." The mouse said, "Sure." Then next day, the mouse got up. He went to the football match. But he didn't call the cat. At last, the cat was angry with the mouse. They didn't live together any more.

1. The cat and the cow weren't friends. ()
2. They could get much food after they won the football game. ()
3. The cat often gets up early. ()
4. The mouse went to the football match. ()
5. The cat didn't join the match because he didn't like the match. ()

十一、任务型阅读。

1. 阅读短文，根据内容给下列图片排序，并将图片编号按顺序填在横线上。

Abe Lincoln was a boy in 1820. He wanted to go to school, but there was no school near his home. He was very sad.

Mrs Lincoln, Abe's stepmother, loved the boy. She wanted to make Abe happy. She gave the boy a lot of hugs. One day, at dinner time, Mrs Lincoln put a cake on the table said, 'It is March 12th, Abe. It's your birthday.' They had a party. Everyone smiled. Even Abe smiled, but only a little and not for long.

Then Mrs Lincoln took out a present and put it in front of Abe. His eyes became very big when he got a book. This book is very old. He looked through it. Abe liked it very much. He began to read the stories. A smile came to his face. He said 'Thank you' to his mum. Mrs Lincoln answered, 'Your smile makes me happy too.'



正确顺序： _____

2. 请为这篇短文拟一个标题： _____

十二、写作。

请同学们根据以下信息，以“Happy life”为题，写一篇短文。

要求：文中不得出现学校、同学、家人和自己的名字；短文语言正确，条理清晰，连贯通畅；书写端正；60个单词左右。

Habits	Diet	Traffic
get up early	drink much water	look for a zebra crossing
keep things clean and tidy	eat many vegetables	look at the traffic lights and wait for the green man
go to bed early	shouldn't eat much sweet food	look left first, then right and then left again

参考答案

一、T F T F F

【详解】听力材料

Kim has a big family and each one has a good living habit. Kim's grandpa usually gets up early and does Chinese kongfu. Kim's mother Raft cleans the room after she gets up. Sometimes Kim's father likes going fishing and reading books. Kim's little sister Mary always tidies her toys before bedtime. What about Kim? Kim often plays basketball after he finishes his homework.

二、3 4 5 1 2

【详解】1. The men caught the lion with a net.

2. The boy is skating on the road.

3. We should walk on the pavement.

4. M: Why does the bus stop?

W: Look at the red light. It must stop.

5. M: What does Mr Wang have for breakfast?

W: He has some bread and milk.

三、Wang Bing went Mike's friends brought snacks
balloons ate toys excited

【详解】To: Wang Bing

Subject: A birthday party.

Dear Wang Bing,

Last week, I went to a wonderful birthday party. We had the party at Mike's house. A lot of friends came to the party. Mary brought some snacks and drinks from home. Sam bought a birthday cake from the market. I gave some colourful balloons to Mike. We ate the big birthday cake and played with toys together. We were so excited and we really had a good time.

Talk soon

Anne

四、1. B

【详解】句意：狮子让老鼠走了。本题考查动词的形式。A 是动词的第三人称单数，B 是动词原形，C 是动词的现在分词/动名词，D 是动词不定式，let 后动词用原形，故选 B。

2. D

【详解】句意：水箱里有一些水生植物对鱼有好处。本题考查不定代词。few 和 a few 修饰可数名词复数，little 和 a little 修饰不可数名词，a few 表肯定，few 表否定，water plants 是可数名词复数，根据句意可知此处表肯定，故用 a few。故选 D。

3. D

【详解】句意：我儿子喜欢吃肉，但是我想吃一些蔬菜。本题考查动词的形式。句子是一般现在时，主语 My son 是第三人称单数，动词也用第三人称单数形式 likes；want to do sth 想要做某事，故第二空用动词不定式 to eat。故选 D。

4. B

【详解】句意：汤姆和蒂娜_____带什么到派对来？本题考查 be 动词及一般将来时，根据句意，句中时态是一般将来时，结构为：be going to+动词原形，主语是汤姆和蒂娜，be 用 are；故选 B。

5. B

【详解】句意：在马路上跑不_____，我们必须_____过马路。本题考查形容词和副词的用法，safety 安全，名词；safe 安全的，形容词；safely 安全地，副词，根据题干可知前面一句的结构为：It is (not) +形容词+to do sth，可知第一空填形容词 safe 安全的；第二空中修饰动词 cross 的用副词，safely 副词，安全地，故选 B。

6. C

【详解】句意：布莱克牙痛。他不应该吃太多的糖果并且应该刷牙。本题考查情态动词。A 能，应该；B 应该，应该；C 不应该，应该；D 必须，不能；根据句意可知，布莱克牙痛，所以他不应该吃太多的糖果，应该刷牙。故选 C。

7. C

【详解】句意：我吃了很多面条。我不能再吃任何东西了。本题考查不定代词。little 很少，修饰不可数名词，few 很少，修饰可数名词。根据句意可知此空表示很多，noodles 面条，可数名词复数，用 a lot of 或 lots of 修饰，故选 C。

8. C

【详解】句意：这个洞太___了。我___里面的球。本题考查形容词辨析和用法，动词和动词短语的辨析。tall 高的，deep 深的，都是形容词；deeply 深地，副词。find 找到，look for 寻找，都不符合句意，reach 够得着。第一空填形容词做 is 的表语，第二空填 reach 符合句意。故选 C。

9. D

【详解】句意：这个男孩上学迟到了吗？本题考查固定搭配和 be 动词。be late for 迟到，主语 the boy 是单数第三人称，be 用 is。故选 D。

10. B

【详解】句意：一些孩子正在过马路。我们_____停下来等待。本题考查情态动词。mustn't 不允许，情态动词；must 必须，情态动词；shouldn't 不应该，情态动词；can't 不可以，情态动词。根据句意可知 must 符合题意，故选 B。

五、(A) 1. crossing

【详解】句意：为了安全起见，我们过马路时应该在附近找一条斑马线。本题考查名词词组和可数名词及其单复数。斑马线 zebra crossing, a 后用单数，故答案为 crossing。

2. quietly

【详解】句意：婴儿正在睡觉。请安静地走。本题考查副词的用法。该空是修饰动词 walk, 故用副词修饰，根据句意可知此处指安静地 quietly, 故答案为 quietly。

3. swept

【详解】句意：昨天我们一起扫地拖地。它非常干净。本题考查动词辨析和动词的形式。根据句意可知此处指打扫 sweep, 句子是一般过去时，动词用过去式 swept。故答案为 swept。

4. noodles

【详解】句意：中国人通常在生日吃面条。这意味着我们可以长寿。本题考查可数名词及其单复数。根据句意可知此处指面条 noodle, 常用复数 noodles。故答案为 noodles。

5. always

【详解】句意：—他每天都很晚起床吗？—是的，他总是起床晚了。本题考查频度副词。根据句意可知此处指总是 always。故答案为 always。

(B) 1. good well

【详解】句意：Mia 是一个好女孩。她在所有科目中都做得很好。本题考查形容词和副词的用法。第一个空修饰名词 girl, 所以用形容词 good; 第二个空修饰动词 does, 所以用副词 well。故答案为 good; well。

2. to swim

【详解】句意：你想要和我一起去游泳吗？本题考查动词短语，would like to do something 想要做某事，故答案为 to swim。

3. well

【详解】句意：他在家做的很好。本题考查副词的用法。good 好的，形容词，该空填副词修

饰动词 does, 副词形式为 well 好, 故答案为 well。

4. mustn't

【详解】句意: 现在是红灯。人们禁止行走。本题考查情态动词, must 必须, 根据句意可知情态动词用否定形式 mustn't 禁止, 符合句意, 故答案为 mustn't。

5. to drink

【详解】句意: 海伦很渴。她想喝一些水。本题考查动词的形式, want 后加动词不定式, drink 的不定式是 to drink, 故答案为 to drink。

六、1. What not

【详解】原句句意: 我们不可在马路上踢足球。本题考查句型转换。划线部分 play football 表示做的事情, 用 what 提问, 后面跟 must 引导的一般疑问句, 故答案为 What, not。

2. Did do didn't

【详解】原句句意: 他昨晚做作业很晚。本题考查句型转换。原句实义动词 did 是过去式, 改为一般疑问句助动词用 did, 把 did 改为动词原形 do。did 引导的一般疑问句, 否定回答为: No, 主语+didn't。故答案为 Did, do, didn't。

3. used make

【详解】原句句意: 老鼠用牙齿在门上咬了一个洞。本题考查句型转换。make sth with sth=use sth to make sth 用某物制作某物。根据 made 可知原句时态是一般过去时, 改写后的同义句时态也用一般过去时, 所以谓语动词要用过去式 used。故答案为 used, make。

4. This child was

【详解】句意: 这些孩子们在课上很困倦。本题考查句型转换, these children 这些孩子们, 单数是 this child 这个孩子, were 的单数是 was, 故答案为 This; child; was。

5. didn't wake

【详解】原句句意: 简今天早上醒得很早。本题考查句型转换。句子是陈述句, 时态是一般过去时。句中有实义动词, 改为否定句需借助助动词 didn't, 将 woke 改为动词原形 wake, 故答案为 didn't; wake。

七、1. B 2. D 3. C 4. E 5. A

【导语】本文主要谈论的是明天的计划。

1. 上句说: 迈克, 你明天打算做什么? 可知这句是回答做的事情, 选项 B“我打算和双胞胎去野餐。”符合语境, 故选 B。

2. 上句说: 你们要去哪里? 可知这句是回答去的地点, 选项 D“我们要去中央公园。”符合语

境，故选 D。

3. 上句说：我们要去那里划船。根据下句“Can we go with you?”，可知选项 C“我们也喜欢去划船。”符合语境，故选 C。

4. 上句说：我们能和你们一起去吗？该句是表达是否愿意，选项 E“当然。”符合语境，故选 E。

5. 上句说：明天你们打算在哪里见面？可知这句是说见面地点，选项 A“我们将于七点在学校门口见面。”符合语境，故选 A。

八、1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. A 6. A 7. B 8. A 9. C 10. B

【导语】本文主要讲述的是健康饮食。

1. 句意：我十三岁。A 老的，B 岁，C 岁，表示年龄，thirteen 后 year 用复数 years，故选 C。

2. 句意：我经常打排球，因此我又强壮又健康。A 健康，名词；B 健康的，形容词；C 生病的，形容词。根据句意可知此处指健康的，and 连接的成分相同，strong 是形容词，该空也用形容词，故选 B。

3. 句意：早餐，我总是吃一些面包、一个鸡蛋和一杯橙汁。A 在……上，B 对于，C 在……里，一日三餐前用介词 for，故选 B。

4. 句意：我有时午餐吃米饭、鱼和苹果。A 和，B 在……里，C……的，该空指和，故选 A。

5. 句意：我真的很喜欢苹果，____“一天一个苹果，医生远离我。”A 因为，B 因此，C 为什么，根据句意可知此处是说明原因，故选 A。

6. 句意：在下午，我通常喝一杯牛奶，吃一些饼干。in the afternoon 在下午，介词固定搭配，故选 A。

7. 句意：在下午，我通常喝一杯牛奶，吃一些饼干。A 吃，B 吃和喝，C 喝，根据句意可知此处指吃和喝，故选 B。

8. 句意：我喜欢蔬菜，因为它们是新鲜和健康的。A 它们是，B 有，C 它们的，根据句意可知此处指它们是新鲜和健康的，故选 A。

9. 句意：它们对我有好处。A 在，B……的，C 对，be good for 对……有好处，故选 C。

10. 句意：我现在多么高大强壮啊！how 引导的感叹句结构为：How+形容词/副词+主语+谓语！，故选 B。

九、1. D 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C

【导语】本文主要讲述的是关于锻炼的错误观点。

1. 句意：这篇文章中提到了多少关于锻炼的错误想法？A 一种。B 两种。C 三种。D 四种。

根据句子“*It's good to have a plate of chicken before exercise because it has much energy.*”, “*The best time to exercise is early in the morning.*”, “*If you drink water when you exercise, you'll feel tired.*”和“*Exercising every day is quite important.*”, 可知短文提到的错误想法有四种, 故选 D。

2. 句意: 带下划线的单词“*fixed*”在中文中是什么意思? *fixed* 固定的, 形容词, 故选 B。

3. 句意: 锻炼前应该吃什么食物? A 香蕉。B 鸡肉。C 肉。D 蔬菜。根据句子“*It's good to have food with much carbohydrate before games. Food like potatoes, bread and bananas is rich in it.*”, 可知应该吃香蕉, 故选 A。

4. 句意: 你应该_____喝水。A 任何时候, B 锻炼前, C 休息期间和锻炼后, D 经常, 根据句子“*The fact is that you must have some water during breaks when you exercise. And after exercising, you must have enough water.*”, 可知我们要在休息时和运动后喝水, 故选 C。

5. 句意: 下面哪个句子是正确的? A 每天锻炼很重要。B 过多的锻炼对你的健康有好处。C 你需要给你的身体足够的休息。D 锻炼前你必须喝水。根据句子“*You need to give your body enough rest.*”, 可知你需要给你的身体足够的休息, 故选 C。

十、1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F

【导语】本文讲述了一只猫和一只老鼠的故事, 他们原本是好朋友, 但因一场足球比赛的事情导致关系破裂。

1. 句意: 猫和牛不是朋友。根据“*Long long ago, there was a cat and a mouse. They were good friends.*”可知猫和老鼠是朋友, 没有提到猫和牛的关系, 故答案为 F。

2. 句意: 他们赢得足球比赛后可以得到很多食物。根据“*If you win, you'll get much food.*”可知如果他们赢了比赛, 他们会得到很多食物, 故答案为 T。

3. 句意: 猫经常早起。根据“*My dear, I often sleep, sleep, sleep.*”可知猫经常睡觉, 而不是早起, 故答案为 F。

4. 句意: 老鼠去了足球比赛。根据“*Then next day, the mouse got up. He went to the football match.*”可知老鼠确实去了足球比赛, 故答案为 T。

5. 句意: 猫没有参加比赛是因为他不喜欢比赛。根据“*Please call me tomorrow.*”和“*But he didn't call the cat.*”可知猫没有参加比赛是因为老鼠没有叫醒他, 而不是因为猫不喜欢比赛, 故答案为 F。

十一、1. B D A C 2. A Special Birthday Gift (答案不唯一)

【导语】本文主要讲述的是林肯的生日礼物。

1. (1)根据句子“*He wanted to go to school, but there was no school near his home. He was very*

sad.”，可知亚伯·林肯因为不能上学很难过，B图是很难过，与句子相符，故B图排第1。

(2)根据句子“*She gave the boy a lot of hugs.*”，可知母亲给他很多拥抱，D图是母亲拥抱男孩，与句子相符，故D图排第2。

(3)根据句子“*One day, at dinner time, Mrs Lincoln put a cake on the table said,*”，可知林肯太太把蛋糕放在桌子上，图片A中有蛋糕，与句子相符，故A图排第3。

(4)根据句子“*His eyes became very big when he got a book.*”，可知当它得到一本书时，他的眼睛变得很大，C图是得到一本书，与句子相符，故C图排第4。

故答案为BDAC。

2. 本题答案不唯一。根据短文大意可知故事主要讲述的是林肯的生日礼物，故题目可以是一份特殊的生日礼物 *A Special Birthday Gift*。故答案为 *A Special Birthday Gift*。

十二、范文：

Happy life

To live a happy life, we should have good habits, a healthy diet and follow the traffic rules. Then we can all live happily. We should get up early and go to bed early. We should keep our things clean and tidy. We should drink much water and eat many vegetables. We shouldn't eat much sweet food. We should cross the road safely. We should look for a zebra crossing. We should look at the traffic lights and wait for the green man. We should look left first, then right and then left again.

【详解】1. 题干解读：该题目要求以“Happy life”为题，从行为习惯、饮食和交通三方面写一写怎么过幸福的生活。注意文章时态为一般现在时，并满足词数的要求。

2. 参考词汇与句型：

参考词汇：get up early 早起，keep things clean and tidy 保持东西干净整洁，go to bed early 早睡，drink much water 多喝水，eat many vegetables 多吃蔬菜，shouldn't eat much sweet food 不应该吃太多甜食，look for a zebra crossing 寻找斑马线，look at the traffic lights and wait for the green man 看红绿灯，等绿灯，look left first, then right and then left again 先向左看，然后向右看，再向左看，

参考句型：To live a happy life, we should...; Then we can...; We shouldn't...