

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|----------|
| 40. A. girls | B. friends | C. boys |
| 41. A. can't | B. can | C. isn't |
| 42. A. does | B. get | C. goes |
| 43. A. look | B. see | C. have |
| 44. A. know | B. can | C. say |
| 45. A. buys | B. draws | C. sings |
| 46. A. flower | B. picture | C. way |

阅读短文，判断句子正误，正确的写“T”，错误的写“F”。

Do you have breakfast every day? It's important (重要的) to drink and eat something in the morning. The food can help you start a new day. What is breakfast? There are two words in "breakfast" "break" (打破) and "fast" (禁食期). At night you sleep and don't eat anything, so you should eat something in the morning and break your fast. You can get ready for the day. If you don't have breakfast, you may feel hungry. Then you cannot do well in your lessons and you cannot listen to the teachers carefully in class. It is bad for you if you often go to school without breakfast.

47. It's not important to drink or eat in the morning. ()
48. Breakfast can help people start a new day. ()
49. You should "Eat something in the morning and break your fast". ()
50. If you don't have breakfast, you may feel hungry. ()
51. It is good for students without breakfast. ()

阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

An old man feels sick. He goes to see the doctor. The doctor looks at him and says, "Medicine can't help you. You should have a rest. Go to bed early, drink milk every day, walk a lot and don't smoke too much. One cigarette (香烟) a day is OK. Go to the countryside (乡下) for a month."

carefully After a month the man comes to see the doctor again

"How are you?" says the doctor "I'm glad to see you again. You look much better."

"Oh, doctor. I feel quite well now," says the man. "I have a good rest. I go to bed early, drink milk every day and walk a lot. Your advice (建议) helps me. But one cigarette a day almost (几乎) kills (杀了) me at first. Because I don't smoke before."

52. The doctor _____. ()

A. asks Old John to take some medicine

B. asks Old John not to take any medicine

C. doesn't say any words about medicine

53. Old John _____ after a month. ()

A. doesn't get well

B. gets well

C. is young

54. The doctor tells the man to stay in the countryside for _____. ()

A. a week

B. a month

C. a year

55. What does Old John need? ()

A. Cigars.

B. Some water.

C. A lot of rest.

56. Which one is TRUE (正确)? ()

A. Old John smoked a cigar a day before.

B. The old man smoked too much before.

C. Old John doesn't smoke a cigar a day.

根据首字母或中文提示完成下列句子，每空一词。

1. We take the _____ (火车) to Nanjing this weekend.

【答案】train

【解析】

【详解】句意：我们这周乘火车去南京。本题考查动词短语。take the train 乘火车，符合句意，故答案为 train。

2. Cinderella tries on the shoe it _____. (合适)

【答案】fits

【解析】

【详解】句意：灰姑娘试穿了这只鞋，它正好合适。本题考查动词的形式。根据汉语提示，fit 合适，符合句意，句子时态是一般现在时，主语是第三人称单数 it，动词 fit 要用第三人称单数形式 fits，故答案为 fits。

3. There are many tall buildings in our _____ (城市).

【答案】city

【解析】

【详解】句意：我们城市里有很多高楼。本题考查名词辨析，city 城市，in our city 在我们的城市里，故答案为 city。

4. You should take some m_____ and drink some warm water.

【答案】medicine##edicine

【解析】

【详解】句意：你应该服用一些药并且喝一些热水。本题考查动词短语。根据首字母提示，take some medicine 服用一些药，符合句意，故答案为 medicine。

5. Don't w_____ on the grass(草坪).

【答案】walk##alk

【解析】

【详解】句意：不要在草坪上_____。根据语境和字母提示可知，walk 走，符合题意，句子是祈使句，Don't 后要用原形，故答案为 walk。
用所给单词的适当形式填空。

6. Jane can't eat _____ (something) because she feels ill.

【答案】anything

【解析】

【详解】句意：珍不能吃任何东西，因为她生病了。本题考查不定代词。该句是陈述句的否定形式，something 一些东西，用于肯定句，否定句和疑问句中用 anything，故答案为 anything。

7. The prince is happy _____ (dance) with Cinderella.

【答案】to dance

【解析】

【详解】句意：王子很开心的和灰姑娘跳舞。本题考查动词的形式，be happy to do sth 开心干某事，动词用不定式，故答案为 to dance。

8. How _____ (do) your sister _____ (come) to school?

【答案】①. does ②. come

【解析】

【详解】句意：你的姐姐(妹妹)怎么来学校？本题考查助动词和动词的形式，根据句意可知该句时态为一般现在时，主语 your sister 是第三人称单数，助动词用 does，实义动词 come 用原形。故答案为 does; come。

9. Eating too many sweets _____ (be) bad for you.

【答案】is

【解析】

【详解】句意：吃太多糖果对你不好。本题考查 be 动词。主语 Eating too many sweets 是第三人称单数，句子是一般现在时，be 用 is，故答案为 is。

10. You shouldn't run _____ (and) jump in the classroom.

【答案】or

【解析】

【详解】句意：你不应该在教室里跑和跳。本题考查并列连词。根据句意可知句子是陈述句的否定形式，and 和，用于肯定句，否定句和疑问句中用 or，故答案为 or。

单项选择。

11. You can get off at the _____ stop. ()

A. third B. one C. two

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：你可以在_____站下车。本题考查序数词的用法，A 第三，B 一，C 二，the+序数词表示第几，故选 A。

12. My parents and I live _____ Mountain Town. ()

A. on B. in C. at

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：我父母和我住在山镇。本题考查地点介词辨析，A 表示接壤的地方，B 表示在一个大的地点内，C 表示在一个小的地点，Mountain Town 是个镇，住在这个镇内，用介词 in，故选 B。

13. —Where _____ Mr Brown come from? ()

—He _____ from New York.

A. is; is B. do; come C. does; comes

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：—布朗先生来自哪里？—他来自纽约。本题考查助动词和动词的形式，come 是实义动词且 Mr Brown 是第三人称单数，助动词用 does；He 是第三人称单数，谓语动词用第三人称单数形式，come 的第三人称单数是 comes，故选 C。

14. —_____ do you like doing? ()

—I like _____ pictures.

A. What; drawing B. What; draw C. Who; drawing

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：你喜欢干_____？答语意为我喜欢_____图。询问什么，问句应用疑问词 what 来引导。like doing 意为喜欢做什么，结合句意和选项可知，答语应用 draw 的动名词形式 drawing，draw pictures 意为画画，为固定用法，故选 A。

15. Yang Ling _____ a good time at the party. ()

A. are B. has C. have

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：杨玲在派对上玩得很开心。本题考查动词的形式。A 是，B 有，C 有。have a good time 玩得开心，主语是 Yang Ling，谓语 have 用第三人称单数 has，故选 B。

16. —Do you have _____ drinks? ()

—I'm very _____.

A. any; thirsty B. some; hungry C. any; hungry

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：—你有一些饮料？—我很口渴。本题考查不定代词和形容词辨析，any用在一般疑问句或否定句中，some用在肯定句中。句子是一般疑问句，所以用any，thirsty口渴的，hungry饿的，根据饮料可知是口渴了，故选A。

17. My father goes to work _____ 7:00 _____ every morning. ()

A. at; in B. in; at C. at; /

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：我爸爸每天早上在7:00去上班。本题考查时间介词。at后跟时间点，in后跟年、月、日等，故第一个空用介词at；every morning每天早上，是时间状语，前面不加介词，故选C。

18. —How can we get there? ()

—We can _____ the metro.

A. fly B. ride C. take

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：—我们怎么到那里？—我们可以乘地铁。本题考查动词短语。A飞，B骑，C乘坐。take the metro乘地铁，符合句意，故选C。

19. I like English songs. But I _____ understand them well. ()

A. can't B. isn't C. doesn't

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：我喜欢英文歌曲。但是我不能很好的理解它们。本题考查情态动词。A不能，B不是，C不，understand是动词原形，理解，不能很好地理解它们，符合题意，故选A。

20. The zoo is far from here. We can go _____. ()

A. on foot B. by bus C. walk

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：动物园离这里远。我们可以乘公交车去。本题考查介词固定搭配。A步行，B乘公交车，C走路。选项B符合句意，故选B。

21. 将下列句子重新排列成一段通顺的话。

() A bird flies for a long time. He is very tired and thirsty.

() But he can't drink the water, because the bottle is long.

() Suddenly he finds a bottle with some water in it.

() He can drink the water this time

() He sees some small stones (石头) near the bottle.

() He has a good idea. He puts the stones into the bottle.

【答案】 ①. 1 ②. 3 ③. 2 ④. 6 ⑤. 4 ⑥. 5

【解析】

【分析】所给各句汉语意思：

一只鸟飞了很长时间。他又累又渴。

但他不能喝水，因为瓶子很长。

突然他发现了一个瓶子里面装着一些水。

这次他可以喝水了。

他看到瓶子附近有一些小石头。

他有一个好主意。他把石头放进瓶子里。

根据句子汉语意思可知短文大意为：《乌鸦喝水》的故事。

【详解】鸟又累又渴， A bird flies for a long time. He is very tired and thirsty.;

发现水， Suddenly he finds a bottle with some water in it.;

喝不到水， But he can't drink the water, because the bottle is long.;

看到小石头， He sees some small stones (石头) near the bottle.;

想到好主意， He has a good idea. He puts the stones into the bottle.;

可以喝到水了， He can drink the water this time.;

故答案为 132645。

找出相应的答句。

- A. No, thank you.
- B. I still feel ill.
- C. He has to go home before ten.
- D. I'm sorry to hear that.
- E. Yes, there are.
- F. Here's a glass of water for you.
- G. Because it's my birthday today.
- H. Mike does.
- I. Yes, a lot.
- J. You can take a bus.

- 22. Why are you so happy? ()
- 23. Are there any books in your bag? ()
- 24. Would you like a cup of tea? ()
- 25. I'm very thirsty. ()
- 26. How do you feel now? ()
- 27. Who goes to the zoo with Helen? ()
- 28. When does Tom have to go home? ()
- 29. Helen is ill. ()
- 30. How can I get to the library? ()
- 31. Are you taking medicine? ()

【答案】22. G 23. E

24. A 25. F

26. B 27. H

28. C 29. D

30. J 31. I

【解析】

【22 题详解】

句意：你为什么这么高兴？答语应回答原因，选项 G “因为今天是我的生日。” 句子匹配，故选 G。

【23 题详解】

句意：你的包里有一些书吗？句子是 there be 句型的一般疑问句，答句用 yes 或 no 回答，is 提问用 is 回答，选项 E “是的，有。” 句子匹配，故选 E。

【24 题详解】

句意：你想要来一杯茶吗？句子是一般疑问句，答句用 yes 或 no 回答，选项 A “不，谢谢了。” 句子匹配，故选 A。

【25 题详解】

句意：我很渴。答语应该提供饮品，选项 F “这里有一杯水给你。” 句子匹配，故选 F。

【26 题详解】

句意：你现在感觉如何？答语应回答感受，选项 B “我仍然感到不舒服。” 句子匹配，故选 B。

【27 题详解】

句意：谁和海伦去动物园？答语应回答是谁，选项 H “是麦克。” 句子匹配，故选 H。

【28 题详解】

句意：汤姆必须在什么时候回家？答语应回答时间，选项 C “他必须在十点前回家。” 句子匹配，故选 C。

【29 题详解】

句意：海伦生病了。答语应该表示遗憾，选项 D “听到这个消息我很遗憾。” 句子匹配，故选 D。

【30 题详解】

句意：我怎么能到图书馆？答语应回答交通方式，选项 J “你可以乘坐公交车。” 句子匹配，故选 J。

【31 题详解】

句意：你正在吃药吗？句子是一般疑问句，答句用 yes 或 no 回答，选项 I “是的，很多。” 句子匹配，故选 I。

按要求完成句子。

32. Cinderella goes to the party. (改为否定句)

Cinderella _____ to the party.

【答案】 ①. doesn't ②. go

【解析】

【详解】原句句意：灰姑娘去参加聚会。本题考查句型转换。句子是陈述句，时态是一般现在时。句中有实义动词，主语是第三人称单数，改为否定句需借助助动词 does，后加 not 表示否定，可以缩写成 doesn't，后跟动词原形 go，故答案为 doesn't, go。

33. He should take some medicine. (对划线部分提问)

_____ he do?

【答案】 ①. What ②. should

【解析】

【详解】原句句意：他应该服用一些药物。本题考查句型转换。划线部分是应该做的事情，要用 what 来提问，后跟情态动词 should 引导的一般疑问句，故答案为 What, should。

34. We go to school by bus. (改为同义句)

We _____ a bus _____ school.

【答案】 ①. take ②. to

【解析】

【详解】句意：我们坐公交车去学校。改为同义句，坐公交车 by bus，也可用动词短语 take a bus 表示，由原句可知本题是一般现在时，主语是 we，动词用原形。所以改成的同义句为 We take a bus to school. 故答案为 take; to。

35. She comes to school by taxi. (对划线部分提问)

_____ she come to school?

【答案】 How does

【解析】

【详解】原句句意：她乘出租车来上学。本题考查句型转换。划线部分是交通方式，要用 how 来提问，句子是一般现在时，主语是第三人称单数 she，助动词要用 does，故答案为 How does。

36. uncle, many, by, my, to, ship, goes, cities (.)

【答案】My uncle goes to many cities by ship.

【解析】

【详解】本题考查句子结构。my uncle 我的叔叔，many cities 许多城市，by ship 乘船，goes to 去，根据所给句号，可知句子是陈述句，根据所给词义可以连成句子：我的叔叔乘船去了许多城市。故答案为 My uncle goes to many cities by ship.

完型填空。

Mary is 37 English girl. She is now in Beijing 38 her parents. She knows very little Chinese, but she is trying to study and 39 it. She often tries to speak Chinese to her Chinese 40. Sometimes they don't understand her, because she 41 speak Chinese well.

One Sunday morning, Mary 42 out. She wants to go to the park. She is going there to 43 a flower show. But she doesn't 44 how to get there. She asks a Chinese boy for help. The boy can't understand her. Then she takes out a pen and some paper. She 45 flowers on it, then gives the picture to the boy and says something about it. The boy understands and shows Mary the 46 to the park.

37. A. an B. a C. /

38. A. and B. with C. or

39. A. writes B. fly C. speak

40. A. girls B. friends C. boys

41. A. can't B. can C. isn't

42. A. does B. get C. goes

43. A. look B. see C. have

44. A. know B. can C. say

45. A. buys B. draws C. sings

46. A. flower B. picture C. way

【答案】37. A 38. B 39. C 40. B 41. A 42. C 43. B 44. A 45. B 46. C

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了英国女孩玛丽试着用汉语等方式寻求别人帮忙指路的故事。

【37 题详解】

句意：玛丽是一个英国女孩。English 英国的，是元音音素开头的单词，前面用不定冠词 an 修饰，故选 A。

【38 题详解】

句意：她现在和她的父母一起在北京。A 和(连词)，B 和(介词)，C 或者(连词)。此处应该用介词 with 与 her parents 连用，作伴随状语，故选 B。

【39 题详解】

句意：她知道的汉语很少，但是她正在尝试学习并且说汉语。A 写(动词的第三人称单数)，B 飞(动词原形)，C 说(动词原形)。and 连接并列的成分，前面用动词原形，后面也要用动词原形，speak 说，符合语境，故选 C。

【40 题详解】

句意：她经常试着对她的中国朋友说汉语。A 女孩们，B 朋友们，C 男孩们。friends 朋友们，符合语境，故选 B。

【41 题详解】

句意：有时候他们不明白她的话，因为她不能把汉语说好。A 不能，B 能，C 不是。can't 不能，符合语境，故选 A。

【42 题详解】

句意：一个周日上午，玛丽外出。get out 滚出去，不符合句意；go out 外出，符合句意，故选 C。

【43 题详解】

句意：她打算去那里看一个花展 A 看，B 看，C 有。see a flower show 看花展，符合语境，故选 B。

【44 题详解】

句意：但是她不知道如何去那里。A 知道，B 能，C 说。know 知道，符合语境，故选 A。

【45 题详解】

句意：她在纸上画了一些花，然后把图片给了男孩并介绍了一下。A 买，B 画，C 唱。前文玛丽拿出了笔和纸，此处应该是在纸上画花，draws 画，符合语境，故选 B。

【46 题详解】

句意：男孩明白了并且给玛丽指了指去公园的路。A 花，B 图片，C 路。前文玛丽是在向男孩问路，the way to... 去……的路，符合语境，故选 C。

阅读短文，判断句子正误，正确的写“T”，错误的写“F”。

Do you have breakfast every day? It's important (重要的) to drink and eat something in the morning. The food can help you start a new day. What is breakfast? There are two words in "breakfast" "break" (打破) and "fast" (禁食期). At night you sleep and don't eat anything, so you should eat something in the morning and break your fast. You can get ready for the day. If you don't have breakfast, you may feel hungry. Then you cannot do well in your lessons and you cannot listen to the teachers carefully in class. It is bad for you if you often go to school without breakfast.

47. It's not important to drink or eat in the morning. ()

48. Breakfast can help people start a new day. ()

49. You should "Eat something in the morning and break your fast". ()

50. If you don't have breakfast, you may feel hungry. ()

51. It is good for students without breakfast. ()

【答案】47. F 48. T 49. T 50. T 51. F

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲了早餐的重要性。

【47 题详解】

句意：在早上吃喝是不重要的。根据文中 "It's important (重要的) to drink and eat something in the morning." 可知在早上吃喝些东西是重要的，句子与原文不符，故答案为 F。

【48 题详解】

句意：早餐能帮助人们开启崭新的一天。根据文中 "The food can help you start a new day." 可知在早餐的食物能帮助人们开启崭新的一天，句子与原文相符，故答案为 T。

【49 题详解】

句意：你应该在早晨吃一些东西打破你的禁食期。根据文中 "At night you sleep and don't eat anything, so you should eat something in the morning and break your fast." 可知在晚上睡觉时什么东西也吃不了，应该在早晨吃一些东西打破你的禁食期，句子与原文相符，故答案为 T。

【50 题详解】

句意：如果你不吃早饭，你可能会感到饥饿。根据文中 "If you don't have breakfast, you may feel hungry." 可知不吃早餐会感觉到饥饿，句子与原文相符，故答案为 T。

【51 题详解】

句意：不吃早餐对学生是有益的。根据文中 "It is bad for you if you often go to school without breakfast." 可知学生经常不吃早餐是有害的，句子与原文不符，故答案为 F。

阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

An old man feels sick. He goes to see the doctor. The doctor looks at him and says, "Medicine can't help you. You should have a rest. Go to bed early, drink milk every day, walk a lot and don't smoke too much. One cigarette (香烟) a day is OK. Go to the countryside (乡下) for a month."

carefully After a month the man comes to see the doctor again.

"How are you?" says the doctor. "I'm glad to see you again. You look much better."

"Oh, doctor. I feel quite well now," says the man. "I have a good rest. I go to bed early, drink milk every day and walk a lot. Your advice (建议) helps me. But one cigarette a day almost (几乎) kills (杀了) me at first. Because I don't smoke before."

52. The doctor _____. ()

- A asks Old John to take some medicine
- B. asks Old John not to take any medicine
- C. doesn't say any words about medicine

53. Old John _____ after a month. ()

- A. doesn't get well B. gets well C. is young

54. The doctor tells the man to stay in the countryside for _____. ()

- A. a week B. a month C. a year

55. What does Old John need? ()

- A. Cigars. B. Some water. C. A lot of rest.

56. Which one is TRUE (正确)? ()

- A. Old John smoked a cigar a day before.
- B. The old man smoked too much before.
- C. Old John doesn't smoke a cigar a day.

【答案】52. B 53. B 54. B 55. C 56. C

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了一个老人看病时发生的幽默故事。

【52 题详解】

句意：这个医生_____。A 让老约翰吃些药，B 让老约翰不要吃药，C 没有说任何关于药的话。根据文中 "Medicine can't help you. You should have a rest. Go to bed early, drink milk every day, walk a lot and don't smoke too much." 可知医生认为药物不能帮助老人，让他去乡下修养，早睡早起，不要吸太多的烟，故选 B。

【53 题详解】

句意：老约翰一个月后_____。A 病没好转，B 病好转了，C 是年轻的。根据文中 "I feel quite well now," 可知一个月后老人感觉好多了，故选 B。

【54 题详解】

句意：医生告诉老人要在乡下待_____。A 一周，B 一个月，C 一年。根据文中 "Go to the countryside (乡下) for a month." 可知医生告诉老人在乡下待一个月，故选 B。

【55 题详解】

句意：老约翰需要什么？A 香烟，B 一些水，C 多休息。根据文中 "You should have a rest." 可知老约翰需要多休息，故选 C。

【56 题详解】

句意：哪一项是正确的？A 老约翰以前每天抽一支香烟。B 老人以前抽了太多的香烟。C 老约翰一天抽不了一根烟。根据文中 "But one cigarette a day almost (几乎) kills (杀了) me at first. Because I don't smoke before." 可知老约翰以前不吸烟，但是医生让他一天抽一根烟，差点害死他，所以他一天一支烟也抽不了，故选 C。