

昆山市 2025-2026 学年第一学期六年级英语

期末考试模拟试题

二、 笔试部分 (70 分)

10. (1.5 分) Long long ago, there _____ many houses in the forest. ()

A. is B. were C. was D. are

11. (1.5 分) "千门万户曈曈日，总把新桃换旧符"是关于_____。()

A. Dragon Boat Festival
B. New Year
C. Spring Festival
D. Mid - Autumn Festival

12. (1.5 分) We use wood_____ make tables, chairs and many other things. ()

A. for B. by C. to D. /

13. (1.5 分) —What ____ your desk messy?
—The cat does. ()

A. makes B. make C. making D. to make

14. (1.5 分) Rain, rain, please_____.I want to play outside. ()

A. go well B. go in C. go out D. go away

15. (1.5 分) It's too cold outside._____ your coat, please. ()

A. Put on B. Take off C. Try on D. Turn on

16. (1.5 分) I didn't go anywhere last Sunday. It_____ all day. ()

A. snows B. is snowing
C. snow D. snowed

17. (1.5 分) The rabbits were there_____. ()

A. now B. sometimes C. just now D. right now

18. (1.5 分) "_____ " means you shouldn't make noise here. ()

A. Be careful B. Danger
C. Be quiet D. No littering

19. (1.5 分) There are some toy cars on the floor. Please_____. ()

A. pick it up B. pick up
C. pick them up D. pick them

三、从方框中选择合适的句子使对话完整、通顺。(有一项多余) (10分)

(10分) 从方框中选择合适的句子使对话完整、通顺。(有一项多余)

- A. It was on a hill.
- B. How did you know that?
- C. There were no computer rooms in my old school.
- D. I want to fly to the Moon.
- E. There was no library in my old school.
- F. Reading on the Internet can help you learn more.

Grandpa: Wow, a library! 20

Su Hai: Tell us about your school, please.

Grandpa: Sure. 21

Su Yang: That was interesting. Could you see the stars at night?

Grandpa: Yes. The sky was so beautiful. I liked it with lots of stars.

Su Hai: Me too. I'm so interested in the space (太空). 22

Su Yang: Chang'e - 1 from China went to the Moon in 2007.

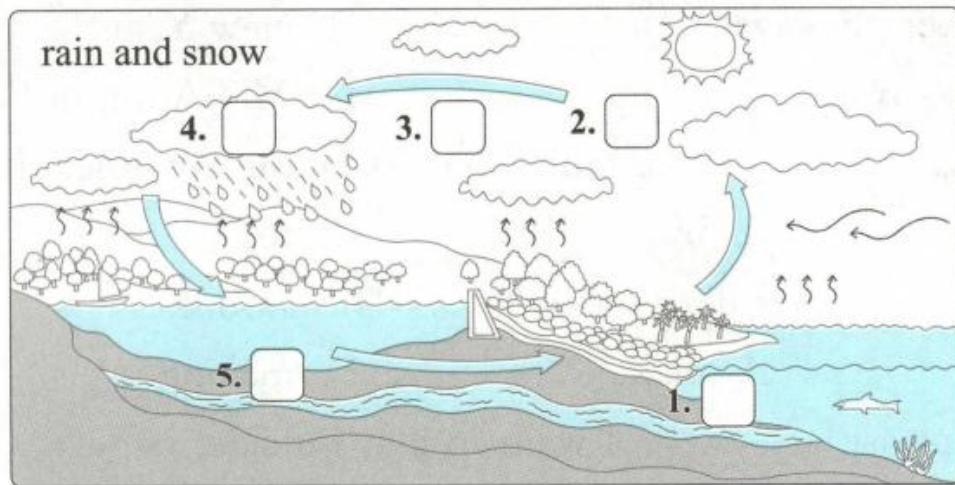
Su Hai: Cool! 23

Su Yang: Easy. I read about it on the Internet.

Grandpa: Wonderful! 24

四、新趋势学科融合 你知道雨水是从哪里来的吗? 这些都和大自然的水循环过程有关。请从方框中选择合适的内容明确水循环的过程, 填序号。

25. (10分) 请从方框中选择合适的内容明确水循环的过程, 填序号。



- A. When clouds are full of water, it rains.
- B. The sun makes the water hot and it turns into water vapour (水蒸气) .
- C. The water goes into rivers and starts the whole cycle (整个循环) again.
- D. The wind moves the vapour and it becomes clouds.
- E. Water from rivers goes into the sea.

五、完形填空。(15分)

(15分) 完形填空。

It was a sunny day. Mother took me to the 26 . There were many shops and many people. Some people 27 things, and some just looked around. What did my mother 28 ?

First, we went to the grain (谷物) shop. Mother bought some 29 . It was too 30 and we couldn't carry it. The shopkeeper helped us carry it back home.

31 , Mother stopped at the vegetable shop. The lady told us, "Come and buy. The 32 are fresh." But my mother didn't want any of them.

Then we reached the fish shop. Some people don't like it, 33 I love fish very much. Mother bought a big one for 34 . Did you see the fat 35 ? They just sat there, ate fish and got fat.

26.	A. park	B. market	C. zoo
27.	A. bought	B. wore	C. watched
28.	A. look	B. get	C. see
29.	A. oranges	B. meat	C. rice
30.	A. long	B. heavy	C. difficult
31.	A. Next	B. Finally	C. Now
32.	A. apples	B. eggs	C. carrots
33.	A. but	B. and	C. so
34.	A. her	B. me	C. it
35.	A. rabbits	B. cats	C. dogs

六、阅读理解。(14分)

(8分) 阅读短文, 选择正确的答案。

Li Han has an e - friend in the UK. He is writing an e - mail to his e - friend. Let's read it.

To: Tommy
Subject: the Mid-Autumn Festival

Dear Tommy,

How are you? Tomorrow is the Mid-Autumn Festival. I'm very excited. My family are going to get together and have a big dinner. My aunt is going to make moon cakes. My grandma will tell us a story about Chang'e. Robin and I are going to read a poem. This is our poem.

(F) is for family. We will all be together tonight.
(A) is for autumn. It is the autumn season.
(M) is for moon. We eat moon cakes and tell stories about the moon.
(I) is for "I". I am so happy today.

2
(Y) is for you. You can be together with your family too!

So are you interested in the Mid-Autumn Festival?

Love,
Li Han

阅读邮件, 选择正确的答案并回答问题。

36. The underlined word "poem" means _____ .

- A.作文
- B.小诗
- C.歌曲
- D.广告

37. Please choose a sentence to complete (完成) the poem. _____

- A. B is for best., It's the best festival.
- B. T is for thank, We give thanks to everything.
- C. L is for love. We love the Mid - Autumn Festival.
- D. E is for exciting. We have an exciting day!

38. What are you going to do at the Mid - Autumn Festival? Write down your plan here.

At the Mid - Autumn Festival, I'm going to _____ .

(6分) 阅读理解。

The signs are important in our daily life.

They can be in pictures or in words to give people something useful. What do people think are good signs? If you are thinking about making signs for others, what should you know?

First, the most important thing is that signs should be simple(简单的) and easy to understand. It is important

to use clear words. Second, the words should be easy to write and you just need to write down what you want to do.

"Keep off the grass" is a very good one. It means you shouldn't walk on the grass.

Now there is a saying, "A picture paints a thousand (千) words." Maybe that's why you are seeing more and more signs in pictures, or words with pictures. However, that's the difficult part, because picture signs may have different meanings in different countries.

39. A good sign should be _____.

- A.clear
- B.beautiful
- C.fun
- D.difficult

40. Which sign is the best according to the passage? _____

- A.Don't park your car here.
- B.No cars can be here.
- C.No parking.
- D.Parking your car here is not right.

41. The writer uses "A picture paints a thousand words." to show that _____.

- A.a word sign is not important at all
- B.a picture sign says more than a word sign
- C.a word sign says more than a picture sign
- D.a picture sign may have different meanings in different countries

42. Where can you find this passage? _____

- A.In a poster.
- B.In a storybook.
- C.In a letter.
- D.In a magazine.

七、书面表达。(6分)

43. (6分) 书面表达。

假如你是 Mike, 你用表格记录了这周末全家的主要活动, 现在准备写一篇短文, 详细描述一下这个周末:

When	Who	What
Sat.	Mum and I	visit my grandparents...
	my dad	do housework...
Sun.	my parents	play with our cat Mimi and go shopping...
	I	do my homework...

要求: 1. 补全标题, 写作内容包含表格中的所有信息, 并展开合理想象;

2. 条理清晰, 语句通顺, 时态正确, 词数不少于 60;

3. 请保持卷面整洁、书写规范、字迹清楚。

What a _____ weekend

I am Mike. _____

参考答案与试题解析

二 笔试部分 (70 分)

10. (1.5 分) Long long ago, there _____ many houses in the forest. ()

A. is B. were C. was D. are

【分析】很久很久以前，森林里有很多房子。

【解答】is 是，与第三人称单数搭配使用；was 是 is 的过去式；are 是，与第二人称和复数搭配使用；were 是 are 的过去式。"Long long ago"很久很久以前，可知句子是一般过去时，houses 是复数，be 动词要用 were。

故选：B。

【点评】分析各选项的含义，理解题干的句意，结合所学 there be 句型的知识，选出答案。

11. (1.5 分) "千门万户曈曈日，总把新桃换旧符"是关于_____。()

A. Dragon Boat Festival
B. New Year
C. Spring Festival
D. Mid - Autumn Festival

【分析】"千门万户曈曈日，总把新桃换旧符"是关于春节的。

【解答】A. 端午节；B. 新年；C. 春节；D. 中秋节。"千门万户曈曈日，总把新桃换旧符"描写的是春节时的节日景象，春节的英文是 Spring Festival。

故选：C。

【点评】解答本题的关键是读懂句意，然后根据生活常识作答即可。

12. (1.5 分) We use wood_____ make tables, chairs and many other things. ()

A. for B. by C. to D. /

【分析】我们使用木材做桌子，椅子和许多其他的东西。

【解答】for.....为.....； by 通过； to 为了，用于； use sth. to do sth. 用某物做某事。

故选：C。

【点评】熟练掌握动词不定式，结合题目作答。

13. (1.5 分) —What____your desk messy?

—The cat does. ()

A. makes B. make C. making D. to make

【分析】—什么把你的书桌弄得这么乱？—是猫弄的。

【解答】make 使/让, A 单三形式, B 动词原形, C 现在分词/动名词, D 动词不定式。根据答句中的助动词 does 可知句子是一般现在时, 疑问词 What 作主语, 谓语动词用单三形式。

故选: A。

【点评】理解句意, 熟悉动词第三人称单数, 根据时态和主语解答即可。

14. (1.5 分) Rain, rain, please _____. I want to play outside. ()

A. go well B. go in C. go out D. go away

【分析】雨, 雨, 请消失。我想出去玩。

【解答】A 进展顺利, 与语境无关; B 进入, 不符合对雨的动作描述; C 出去, 通常用于描述人或物体的移动, 不用于描述雨; D 离开/消失, 符合 "希望雨停, 出去玩" 的语境。

故选: D。

【点评】理解句意, 熟悉动词短语, 正确分析作答。

15. (1.5 分) It's too cold outside. _____. your coat, please. ()

A. Put on B. Take off C. Try on D. Turn on

【分析】外面太冷了。请穿上你的外套。

【解答】A 穿上, B 脱掉, C 试穿, D 打开 (电器)。根据 cold 可知是穿上衣服。

故选: A。

【点评】理解句意, 熟悉动词短语, 根据 cold 作答。

16. (1.5 分) I didn't go anywhere last Sunday. It _____. all day. ()

A. snows B. is snowing
C. snow D. snowed

【分析】上个星期天我没去任何地方。下了一整天雪。

【解答】last Sunday 上个星期天, 表明句子是一般过去时, 谓语动词用过去式。snow 下雪, A 单三形式, B 现在进行时的结构, C 动词原形, D 过去式。

故选: D。

【点评】理解句意, 掌握动词过去式的使用细节。

17. (1.5 分) The rabbits were there _____. ()

A. now B. sometimes C. just now D. right now

【分析】兔子刚刚在那里。

【解答】now 现在, 用于一般现在时/现在进行时; sometimes 有时, 用于一般现在时; just now 刚刚, 用于一般过去时; right now 立刻/马上, 用于一般现在时/一般将来时。由 be 动词 were 可知时态为一般

过去时，需与表过去的时间副词连用。C 选项符合。

故选：C。

【点评】结合句意及选项进行作答，掌握时间副词的用法。

18. (1.5分) "_____ " means you shouldn't make noise here. ()

- A. Be careful
- B. Danger
- C. Be quiet
- D. No littering

【分析】"保持安静"意味着你不应该在这里制造噪音。

【解答】Be careful 注意安全, Danger 危险, Be quiet 保持安静, No littering 禁止乱丢垃圾。根据题干 shouldn't make noise 不应该制造噪音, 可知意味着要保持安静, 选项 C 符合句意。

故选：C。

【点评】分析各选项的含义，理解题干的句意，结合所学知识，选出答案。

19. (1.5 分) There are some toy cars on the floor. Please _____. ()

- A. pick it up
- B. pick up
- C. pick them up
- D. pick them

【分析】 地板上有一些玩具汽车。请把它们捡起来。

【解答】句意：地板上有一些玩具汽车。请_____ it 它， them 它们。pick 采摘，动词原形； pick up 捡起，动词短语，根据 cars 汽车，可数名词复数，可知需用代词 them 。此处是把地板上的玩具汽车捡起来，代词应放在 pick up 中间。所以选项 C 代入符合题意。

故选：C。

【点评】熟记常见的英语词汇，根据所学的语法知识，正确作答。

三、从方框中选择合适的句子使对话完整、通顺。(有一项多余) (10分)

(10分) 从方框中选择合适的句子使对话完整、通顺。(有一项多余)

- A. It was on a hill.
- B. How did you know that?
- C. There were no computer rooms in my old school.
- D. I want to fly to the Moon.
- E. There was no library in my old school.
- F. Reading on the Internet can help you learn more.

Grandpa: Wow, a library! (20) E

Su Hai: Tell us about your school, please.

Grandpa: Sure. (21) A

Su Yang: That was interesting. Could you see the stars at night?

Grandpa: Yes. The sky was so beautiful. I liked it with lots of stars.

Su Hai: Me too. I'm so interested in the space (太空). (22) D

Su Yang: Chang'e - 1 from China went to the Moon in 2007.

Su Hai: Cool! (23) B

Su Yang: Easy. I read about it on the Internet.

Grandpa: Wonderful! (24) F

【分析】 爷爷: 哇, 图书馆! 我以前的学校没有图书馆。

苏海: 请给我们讲讲你的学校吧。

爷爷: 当然。它在一座山上。

苏阳: 那真有趣。晚上能看到星星吗?

爷爷: 是的。天空如此美丽。有很多星星, 我喜欢它。

苏海: 我也是。我对太空非常感兴趣。我想飞到月球上去。

苏阳: 中国的嫦娥一号于 2007 年前往月球。

苏海: 酷! 你怎么知道的?

苏阳: 简单。我在网上读到过。

爷爷: 太棒了! 在网上阅读能帮你学到更多知识。

【解答】(1) 由 Wow, a library! (哇, 图书馆!) 可知, 此处补充说明以前的学校没有图书馆。选项 E. There was no library in my old school. (我以前的学校没有图书馆。) 符合。故选: E。

(2) 由 Tell us about your school, please. (请给我们讲讲你的学校吧。) 和 Sure. (当然。) 可知, 此处补充介绍学校。选项 A. It was on a hill. (它在一座山上。) 符合。故选: A。

(3) 由 I'm so interested in the space (太空). (我对太空非常感兴趣。) 可知, 此处补充说明想飞到月球上去。选项 D. I want to fly to the Moon. (我想飞到月球上去。) 符合。故选: D。

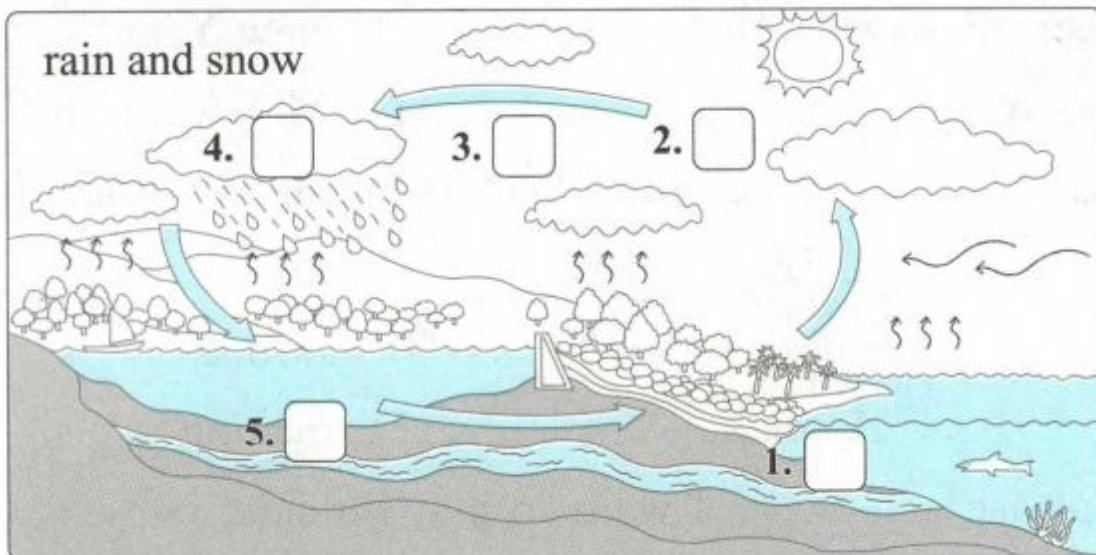
(4) 由 Easy. I read about it on the Internet. (简单。我在网上读到过。) 可知, 此处询问对方是怎么知道的。选项 B. How did you know that? (你怎么知道的?) 符合。故选: B。

(5) 由 Easy. I read about it on the Internet. (简单。我在网上读到过。) 和 Wonderful! (太棒了!) 可知, 此处补充说明在网上阅读能学到更多知识。选项 F. Reading on the Internet can help you learn more. (在网上阅读能帮你学到更多知识。) 符合。故选: F。

【点评】 先要看懂对话意思, 结合上下文语境判断所填位置的大体意思, 然后结合选项作答即可。

四、新趋势学科融合 你知道雨水是从哪里来的吗？这些都和大自然的水循环过程有关。请从方框中选择合适的内容明确水循环的过程，填序号。

25. (10分) 请从方框中选择合适的内容明确水循环的过程，填序号。



- A. When clouds are full of water, it rains.
- B. The sun makes the water hot and it turns into water vapour (水蒸气).
- C. The water goes into rivers and starts the whole cycle (整个循环) again.
- D. The wind moves the vapour and it becomes clouds.
- E. Water from rivers goes into the sea.

【分析】A.当云层充满水分时，就会下雨。
B.太阳使水变热，水就变成了水蒸气。
C.水流入河流，整个循环再次开始。
D.风移动水蒸气，水蒸气就形成了云。
E.河水汇入大海。

【解答】(1) 图片是水从河流进入大海，E.Water from rivers goes into the sea. (水从河流进入大海。) 匹配，故选：E。

(2) 图片是太阳照射水并使水变成水蒸气，B.The sun makes the water hot and it turns into water vapour (水蒸气). (太阳使水变热并使它变成水蒸气。) 匹配，故选：B。

(3) 图片是云，D.The wind moves the vapour and it becomes clouds. (风吹动水蒸气并使它变成云。) 匹配，故选：D。

(4) 图片是下雨，A.When clouds are full of water, it rains. (当云充满水，下雨。) 匹配，故选：A。

(5) 图片是水进入河流, C.The water goes into rivers and starts the whole cycle (整个循环) again. (水进入河流并再次开始整个循环。) 匹配, 故选: C。

【点评】读懂文章是基础, 并结合题干要求, 进行解答。

五、完形填空。(15分)

(15分) 完形填空。

It was a sunny day. Mother took me to the (26) B . There were many shops and many people. Some people (27) A things, and some just looked around. What did my mother (28) B ?

First, we went to the grain (谷物) shop. Mother bought some (29) C . It was too (30) B and we couldn't carry it. The shopkeeper helped us carry it back home.

(31) A , Mother stopped at the vegetable shop. The lady told us, "Come and buy. The (32) C are fresh." But my mother didn't want any of them.

Then we reached the fish shop. Some people don't like it, (33) A I love fish very much. Mother bought a big one for (34) B . Did you see the fat (35) B ? They just sat there, ate fish and got fat.

26.	A. park	B. market	C. zoo
27.	A. bought	B. wore	C. watched
28.	A. look	B. get	C. see
29.	A. oranges	B. meat	C. rice
30.	A. long	B. heavy	C. difficult
31.	A. Next	B. Finally	C. Now
32.	A. apples	B. eggs	C. carrots
33.	A. but	B. and	C. so
34.	A. her	B. me	C. it
35.	A. rabbits	B. cats	C. dogs

【分析】 它是一个阳光明媚的日子。妈妈带我去了市场。有很多商店和很多人。有些人在买东西, 有些人只是环顾四周。我妈妈买了什么?

首先, 我们去了谷物店。妈妈买了一些大米。它太重了, 我们搬不动。店主帮我们把它搬回家。

接下来, 妈妈在蔬菜店停了下来。那位女士告诉我们: "来买。胡萝卜是新鲜的。"但我妈妈不想要它们中的任何一些。

然后我们到达了鱼店。有些人不喜欢它, 但是我非常喜欢鱼。妈妈为我买了一个大的。你看到那些胖友果, 专注昆震提招培训。17751295132

猫了吗？他们只是坐在那里，吃鱼并且变胖了。

【解答】(1) A 公园, B 市场, C 动物园。句意：妈妈带我到____。根据后文有很多商店，可知是去了市场，故选：B。

(2) A 买, B 穿, C 看。句意：一些人们买了东西，还有一些只是到处看。根据句意应是买，故选：A。

(3) A 看, B 得到, C 看。句意：我的妈妈买到了什么？选项 B 符合句意，故选：B。

(4) A 橙子, B 肉, C 米。句意：妈妈买了一些米。根据上句说去了谷物商店，可知是米，故选：C。

(5) A 长的, B 重的, C 困难的。句意：它太____了我们不能搬动它。根据句意应是：重的，故选：B。

(6) A 接下来, B 最后, C 现在。句意：接下来，妈妈停在了蔬菜店。根据上段开头的 First 及下段开头的 Then，可知该空是 next，故选：A。

(7) A 苹果, B 鸡蛋, C 胡萝卜。句意：____是新鲜的。该段是说在蔬菜店，所以应是胡萝卜，故选：C。

(8) A 但是, B 并且, C 所以。句意：一些人不喜欢它，____我很喜欢鱼。根据句意应表示转折，but 表示转折，故选：A。

(9) A 她, B 我, C 它。句意：妈妈给我买了一条大的。应是给我买，故选：B。

(10) A 兔子, B 猫, C 狗。句意：你看见那些胖____了吗？它们只是坐在那里，吃鱼并变胖。根据常识可知猫吃鱼，故选：B。

【点评】结合文章大意和选项单词，正确作答。

六、阅读理解。(14分)

(8分) 阅读短文，选择正确的答案。

Li Han has an e - friend in the UK. He is writing an e - mail to his e - friend. Let's read it.

To: Tommy
Subject: the Mid-Autumn Festival

Dear Tommy,

How are you? Tomorrow is the Mid-Autumn Festival. I'm very excited. My family are going to get together and have a big dinner. My aunt is going to make moon cakes. My grandma will tell us a story about Chang'e. Robin and I are going to read a poem. This is our poem.

(F) is for family. We will all be together tonight.
(A) is for autumn. It is the autumn season.
(M) is for moon. We eat moon cakes and tell stories about the moon.
(I) is for "I". I am so happy today.

2
(Y) is for you. You can be together with your family too!

So are you interested in the Mid-Autumn Festival?

Love,
Li Han

阅读邮件，选择正确的答案并回答问题。

36. The underlined word "poem" means B .

- A.作文
- B.小诗
- C.歌曲
- D.广告

37. Please choose a sentence to complete (完成) the poem. C

- A.B is for best., It's the best festival.
- B.T is for thank, We give thanks to everything.
- C.L is for love. We love the Mid - Autumn Festival.
- D.E is for exciting. We have an exciting day!

38. What are you going to do at the Mid - Autumn Festival? Write down your plan here.

At the Mid - Autumn Festival, I'm going to have a big dinner with my family .

【分析】李涵在英国有一个网友。他正在给他的网友写电子邮件。让我们来读一读。

收件人：汤米

主题：中秋节

亲爱的汤米，

你好吗？明天就是中秋节了，我非常兴奋。我的家人会聚在一起吃一顿丰盛的晚餐，我的阿姨会做月饼，我的奶奶会给我们讲嫦娥、后羿的故事，我和罗宾会读一首诗，这是我们的诗。F 代表家庭。今晚我们都会在一起。

A 代表秋天，这是秋天的节日。

M 代表月亮。我们会吃月饼，讲月亮的故事。

I 代表"我"。我今天非常开心。

L 代表"爱"。我们热爱中秋节。

Y 代表你。你也可以和家人团聚！

所以你对中秋节感兴趣吗？

爱你的，

李涵

【解答】(1) 根据内容可知，这是一首小诗，"poem"的意思是小诗。故答案为：B。

(2) 根据内容可知，此处意思是 L 代表"爱"。我们热爱中秋节。故选：C。

(3) 答：在中秋节，我打算和我的家人一起享用一顿丰盛的晚餐。英文表达为：At the Mid - Autumn

Festival, I'm going to have a big dinner with my family.故答案为： have a big dinner with my family。

【点评】仔细阅读，理解大意，带着问题找关键内容，答题要仔细。

（6分）阅读理解。

The signs are important in our daily life.

They can be in pictures or in words to give people something useful. What do people think are good signs? If you are thinking about making signs for others, what should you know?

First, the most important thing is that signs should be simple(简单的) and easy to understand. It is important to use clear words. Second, the words should be easy to write and you just need to write down what you want to do. "Keep off the grass" is a very good one. It means you shouldn't walk on the grass.

Now there is a saying, "A picture paints a thousand(千) words." Maybe that's why you are seeing more and more signs in pictures, or words with pictures. However, that's the difficult part, because picture signs may have different meanings in different countries.

39. A good sign should be A.

A.clear

B.beautiful

C.fun

D.difficult

40. Which sign is the best according to the passage? C

A.Don't park your car here.

B.No cars can be here.

C.No parking.

D.Parking your car here is not right.

41. The writer uses "A picture paints a thousand words." to show that B.

A.a word sign is not important at all

B.a picture sign says more than a word sign

C.a word sign says more than a picture sign

D.a picture sign may have different meanings in different countries

42. Where can you find this passage? D

A.In a poster.

B.In a storybook.

C.In a letter.

D.In a magazine.

【分析】 这些标志在我们的日常生活中很重要。它们可以是图片或文字，给人们一些有用的东西。人们认为什么是好兆头？如果你正在考虑为别人做手势，你应该知道什么？首先，最重要的是标志应该简单易懂。使用清晰的词语很重要。其次，单词应该易于书写，你只需要写下你想做的事情。“远离草地”是一个很好的词。这意味着你不应该在草地上走。现在有一句谚语：“一图胜千言。”也许这就是为什么你在图片中看到越来越多的标志，或者带图片的单词。然而，那是困难的部分，因为图片标志在不同的国家可能有不同的含义。

【解答】 (1) 由 It is important to use clear words. (使用清晰的词语很重要。) 可知一个好的标志应该是清晰的。故选：A。

(2) 由 Second, the words should be easy to write and you just need to write down what you want to do. (其次，单词应该易于书写，你只需要写下你想做的事情。) 可知应简单书写并只需写下想做的即可。No parking 是最简单的并能清楚的表达意思。故选：C。

(3) 由 Maybe that's why you are seeing more and more signs in pictures, or words with pictures. (许这就是为什么你在图片中看到越来越多的标志，或者带图片的单词。) 可知图片标志比文字标志更能说明问题。故选：B。

(4) 根据文章内容可知主要介绍百科知识，可知在杂志里。故选：D。

【点评】 理解短文大意，结合题目在文中找到相关内容，分析作答。

七、书面表达。（6分）

43. (6分) 书面表达。

假如你是 Mike，你用表格记录了这周末全家的主要活动，现在准备写一篇短文，详细描述一下这个周末：

When	Who	What
Sat.	Mum and I	visit my grandparents...
	my dad	do housework...
Sun.	my parents	play with our cat Mimi and go shopping...
	I	do my homework...

要求：1. 补全标题，写作内容包含表格中的所有信息，并展开合理想象；

2. 条理清晰，语句通顺，时态正确，词数不少于 60；

3.请保持卷面整洁、书写规范、字迹清楚。

What a busy weekend

I am Mike. My family had a busy weekend.On Saturday, my mum and I visited my grandparents.We had lunch together.My dad did housework at home.He cleaned the rooms and washed the clothes.On Sunday, my parents played with our cat Mimi and went shopping.They bought some flowers.I was at home and did my homework.What a busy weekend!

【分析】写作思路：要求以"What a _____ weekend"为题，用第一人称介绍周末活动。阐述家人的周末活动。注意文章为一般过去时，词数不少于 60。

重点词汇：busy 忙碌的，visited 看望，cleaned 打扫，bought 买。

重点句型：On Saturday, my mum and I visited my grandparents.

翻译：星期六，我和妈妈去看望了我的祖父母。

分析：表示在具体的某一天用介词 on。

【解答】

What a busy weekend

I am Mike. My family had a busy weekend.On Saturday, my mum and I visited my grandparents.We had lunch together.My dad did housework at home.He cleaned the rooms and washed the clothes.On Sunday, my parents played with our cat Mimi and went shopping.They bought some flowers.I was at home and did my homework.What a busy weekend!

多么忙碌的周末啊

我是迈克。我的家人度过了一个忙碌的周末。星期六，我和妈妈去看望了我的祖父母。我们一起吃了午饭。我爸爸在家做家务。他打扫房间，洗衣服。星期天，我的父母和我们的猫咪咪一起玩，然后去购物。他们买了一些花。我在家里做作业。多么忙碌的周末啊！

【点评】小学阶段，英文写作一般考查学生的语言运用能力，写作内容简单实用。学生必须掌握重要的单词拼写以及语法结构，写作时要认真审题，理解题意，根据要求来写。